Multi Model (Mainstream Academies, Special Academies and Alternative Provision Academies)

CHIPSTEAD VALLEY ACADEMY TRUST

ACADEMIES

MASTER FUNDING AGREEMENT

28 Much 2014

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SCHEDULE 1

Model Supplemental Funding Agreement for a Mainstream Academy

Model Supplemental Funding Agreement for a Special Academy 24 January 2013 v9

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Model Supplemental Funding Agreement for an Alternative Provision Academy

ANNEXES TO THE MASTER FUNDING AGREEMENT

Memorandum and Articles of the Company

Annex A

Arrangements for pupils with SEN and disabilities at each

Academy – for Mainstream Academies and Alternative

Provision Academies only

Annex B

INTRODUCTION

- 1) This Agreement is made under Section 1 of the Academies Act 2010, between the Secretary of State for Education ("the Secretary of State") and Chipstead Valley Academy Trust (the "Company").
- 2) The Company is a company incorporated in England and Wales, limited by guarantee with registered Company number 08891864.
- 3) The Company intends to establish and maintain, and to carry on or provide for the carrying on of a number of Academies in accordance with this Agreement and the Supplemental Agreements.
- 4) This Agreement and the Supplemental Agreements will apply in respect of an Academy from such time as a Supplemental Agreement relating to that Academy shall have been entered into between the Secretary of State and the Company.
- 5) The following expressions used in this Agreement have the respective meanings assigned to them by the numbered clauses of this Agreement referred to immediately after the reference to the expressions
 - a) "Academies Financial Handbook" clause 67;
 - b) "Accounting Officer" clause 66;
 - c) "Annual Letter of Funding" clause 60;
 - d) "GAG" clause 36;
 - e) "Capital Expenditure" clause 37;
 - f) "Capital Grant" clause 37;
 - g) "EAG" clause 36;
 - h) "Local Governing Body" clause 15;
 - i) "Recurrent Expenditure" clause 36;

"Start-up Period" - clause 50; i)

6) In this Agreement the following words and expressions shall have the

following meanings:-

"Academy Financial Year" means the year from 1st September to 31st August

or such other period as the Secretary of State may from time to time specify

by notice in writing to the Company;

"Academy" means a Mainstream Academy, an Alternative Provision

Academy or a Special Academy in respect of which a Supplemental

Agreement has been entered into between the Secretary of State and the

Company and the expression "Academies" shall refer to all or any of such

Academies:

"admission requirements" - are annexed to the relevant Supplemental

Agreement;

"Alternative Provision Academy" means an Academy which meets the

requirements set out in section 1C of the Academies Act 2010;

the "Articles" means the Articles of Association of the Company for the time

being in force;

"this Agreement" means this agreement and its annexes and a reference in

this Agreement to a numbered clause or annex is a reference to the clause

or annex of this Agreement bearing that number or letter as the same may

be amended or supplemented from time to time;

"Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, Christmas

Day, Good Friday or a day which is a bank holiday with the meaning given to

that expression in the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971;

"Commissioner" means local authorities and/or schools referring

children/pupils to the Alternative Provision Academy for admission under the

legal powers set out in the relevant annex to the Supplemental Agreement;

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"Control" in relation to a body corporate ('Entity') means either the legal or beneficial ownership of 30 per cent or more of the issued shares in the Entity ordinarily having voting rights or the power of a person ('A') otherwise to secure –

- (a) either by means of the holding of shares in that Entity or having an interest conferring voting rights at general meetings of the membership of the Entity or of any other body corporate;
- (b) by virtue or any powers conferred by the Articles or other document regulating that Entity or any other Entity or partnership including, without limitation, the power to appoint or remove a majority of the directors thereof, or
- (c) by virtue of any agreement, understanding or arrangement between any person or persons,

that the affairs of the first-mentioned Entity are conducted in accordance with the wishes of A and 'Controls' shall be construed accordingly;

"DfE" means Department for Education and any successor;

"LA" means the Local Authority in the area in which the relevant Academy is situated;

"Mainstream Academy" means an Academy meeting the requirements referred to in clause 12;

"Memorandum" means the memorandum of association of the Company for the time being in force;

"parents" means parents or guardians;

"persons" includes a body of persons, corporate or incorporate;

"Principal" means the head teacher of an Academy;

"Principal Regulator" means the body or person appointed as the Principal Regulator under the Charities Act 2011;

"Pupil Referral Unit" means any school established in England and maintained by a local authority which is specially organised to provide

education for children falling within section 19(1) of the Education Act 1996;

references to "school" shall where the context so admits be references to an

Academy;

"SEN" means special educational needs, and the expressions "special

educational needs" and "special educational provision" have the meaning set

out in section 312 of the Education Act 1996;

"SENCO" means Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator;

"Special Academy" means an Academy specially organised to make special

educational provision for pupils with SEN;

"Statement of SEN" means a statement made under section 324 of the

Education Act 1996; and

"Supplemental Agreement" means an agreement supplemental to this

Agreement, substantially in the form set out in Schedule 1 to this Agreement

to be entered into by the Secretary of State and the Company pursuant to

which the Company agrees to establish and maintain, and to carry on or

provide for the carrying on, and the Secretary of State agrees to fund, an

Academy in accordance with the terms and conditions of that Supplemental

Agreement and this Agreement.

7) The Interpretation Act 1978 shall apply for the interpretation of this

Agreement and any Supplemental Agreement as it applies for the interpretation of

an Act of Parliament.

8) Expressions defined in this Agreement shall have the same meaning where

used in any Annex to this Agreement or Supplemental Agreement.

9) Questions arising on the interpretation of the arrangements in this

Agreement shall be resolved by the Secretary of State after consultation with the

Company.

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- Section 1 (3) of the Academies Act 2010 states that -
 - (3) An Academy agreement is an agreement between the Secretary of State and the other party under which -
 - (a) the other party gives the undertakings in subsection (5), and
 - (b) the Secretary of State agrees to make payments to the other party in consideration of those undertakings."

LEGAL AGREEMENT

11) In consideration of the Company undertaking to establish and maintain, and to carry on or provide for the carrying on of a number of schools / independent schools in England specially organised to make special educational provision for pupils with SEN ("the Special Academies") or meeting the requirements referred to in clause 12 ("the Mainstream Academies"), or meeting such requirements as referred to in clause 12B ("the Alternative Provision Academies"), the Secretary of State agrees to make payments to the Company in accordance with the conditions and requirements set out in this Agreement and Supplemental Agreements. If it is agreed between the Secretary of State and the Company that the Company will establish and maintain, and to carry on or provide for the carrying on of an Academy, the parties will enter into a Supplemental Agreement in relation to that Academy. For the avoidance of doubt, any obligations imposed upon or powers given to an Academy by this Agreement or any Supplemental Agreement are also imposed upon the Company.

REQUIREMENTS OF A MAINSTREAM ACADEMY

12) The requirements of a **Mainstream Academy** are those set down in Section 1A of the Academies Act 2010¹.

THE SEN OBLIGATIONS

¹ Any Supplemental Funding Agreement entered into in relation to an Academy which is a "selective school" within the meaning of Section 6(4) of the Academies Act 2010 will clarify that section 1A(1)(c) (requirement to provide education for pupils of different abilities) will not apply.

12A) In respect of Special Academies:

- a) The Company must comply with all of the obligations imposed upon the governing bodies of maintained special schools in Chapter 1 of Part 4 of the Education Act 1996 and in Regulations in force at the date of this agreement or made from time to time under any provision in that Chapter (as amended from time to time²).
- b) Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement, the Secretary of State may (whether following a complaint made to him or otherwise) direct the Company to comply with an obligation imposed by this Agreement where the Company has failed to comply with any such obligation.
- c) The Company must ensure that each Academy's website includes details of the arrangements for the admission of disabled pupils; the steps taken to prevent disabled pupils from being treated less favourably than other pupils; the facilities provided to assist access to the Academy by disabled pupils; and the plan prepared by the Company under paragraph 3 of Schedule 10 to the Equality Act 2010. Disabled pupils in this paragraph mean pupils who are disabled for the purposes of the Equality Act 2010³.

ALTERNATIVE PROVISION ACADEMY REQUIREMENTS

12B) The Alternative Provision Academy requirements are those set down in Section 1C of the Academies Act 2010.

CONDITIONS OF GRANT

General

² Currently these duties are in section 313 (Duty to have regard to the Special Educational Needs Code of Practice 2001); section 317(5), (6) and (6A) (Duties in relation to the publication of information relating to arrangements and facilities for disabled pupils at the school); and 324(5)(b) (Duty to admit the child where a school is named in the statement); and the Education (Special Educational Needs)(Information)(England) Regulations 1999 (S.I. 1999/2506). For the avoidance of doubt, the obligations in clause 12A of this agreement are in addition to any obligations imposed upon Academy proprietors directly in legislation or regulations.

³ This obligation is in addition to the obligation to comply with the duties to publish information

This obligation is in addition to the obligation to comply with the duties to publish information imposed upon the governing bodies of maintained special schools set out in the Education (Special Educational Needs) (Information) Regulations 1999 (as amended from time to time) which clause 12A has the effect of imposing.

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13) Other conditions and requirements in respect of an Academy, unless specified

otherwise in a Supplemental Agreement, are that:

a) the school will be at the heart of its community, promoting community

cohesion and sharing facilities with other schools and the wider community;

b) there will be assessments of pupils' performance as they apply to maintained

schools (this will also apply to Alternative Provision Academies unless there

are exceptional reasons to do otherwise), and the opportunity to study for

qualifications in accordance with clause 30 (d);

c) in respect of Mainstream Academies, the admissions policy and

arrangements for the school will be in accordance with admissions law, and the

DfE Codes of Practice, as they apply to maintained schools, and in respect of

Alternative Provision Academies the admissions policy and arrangements for

the school will be set out in the relevant annex to the Supplemental Agreement;

d) teachers' levels of pay and conditions of service will be the responsibility of

the Company;

e) there will be an emphasis on the needs of the individual pupils including

pupils with SEN, both those with and without statements of SEN;

f) there will be no charge to pupils (or their parents or guardians) in respect of

admission to, or attendance at, the school and the school will only charge pupils

where the law allows maintained schools to charge;

g) the Company shall as soon as reasonably practicable establish an

appropriate mechanism for the receipt and management of donations and shall

use reasonable endeavours to procure donations through that mechanism for

the purpose of the objects specified in the Articles.

13A) Clause 13f) does not prevent the Company receiving funds from a local

authority or a charity in respect of the admission of a pupil with special educational

needs to an Academy.

13B) Clause 13 f) does not prevent the Company receiving funds/income from

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Commissioners in respect of the admission and attendance of a pupil at the

Alternative Provision Academy.

Governance

14) Each Academy will be governed by the Company. The Company shall have

regard to (but for the avoidance of doubt shall not be bound by) any guidance as to

the governance of Academies that the Secretary of State may publish.

15) The Company shall establish, for each Academy, an Advisory Body, whose role

shall be to provide advice to the Company in relation to the functioning of that

Academy. The role of the Advisory Body and the membership of it shall be for the

Company to decide, but the Company will, as a minimum, ensure that:

a) a minimum of two parents of a pupil at the Academy (to be elected by the

parents of registered pupils of the Academy) shall be a member of the Advisory

Body;

b) any advice of the Advisory Body is brought to the attention of the Directors of

the Company;

c) to the extent that the Company may, in accordance with the Articles, choose

to establish a Local Governing Body, then the Company may additionally

constitute the Advisory Body as the Academy's Local Governing Body.

Conduct

16) Each Academy shall be conducted in accordance with:

a) the Articles;

b) all provisions by or under statute which confer rights or impose obligations on

Academies including, without limitation, the independent schools standards

prescribed under section 157 of the Education Act 2002 to the extent they apply

to the Academy;

c) the terms of this Agreement and the relevant Supplemental Agreement.

Disclosure and Barring Service Checks

17) The Company shall comply with the requirements of the Education

(Independent School Standards) (England) Regulations 2010 (or such regulations

as may for some time being be applicable) in relation to carrying out enhanced

criminal records checks, obtaining enhanced criminal records certificates and

making any further checks, as required and appropriate for members of staff,

supply staff, individual Directors and the Chair of the Local Governing Body.

17A) The Company shall, on receipt of a copy of an enhanced criminal record

certificate, on request from the Secretary of State or his agents, as soon as

possible thereafter submit information contained in the certificate to the Secretary of

State in accordance with section 124 of the Police Act 1997.

Pupils

18) Each Mainstream Academy will be an all ability inclusive school whose

requirements for:

a) the admission of pupils to the Academy are set out in the relevant annex to

the Supplemental Agreement;

b) the admission to the Academy of and support for pupils with SEN and with

disabilities (for pupils who have and who do not have statements of SEN) are

set out in Annex B to this Agreement;

c) pupil exclusions are set out in regulations made by virtue of section 51A of

the Education Act 2002 (as may be amended or modified from time to time,

and includes any successor provisions).

18AAA) Each **Special Academy** will be a special school whose requirements for:

a) the admission of pupils to the Academy are set out in the relevant annex to

the Supplemental Agreement;

⁴ If one of the Mainstream Academies is a "selective school" within the meaning of Section 6(4) of the Academies Act 2010 then the Supplemental Funding Agreement for that Academy will provide that that Academy is not required to be an all ability inclusive school.

b) pupil exclusions are set out in regulations made by virtue of section 51A of

the Education Act 2002 (as may be amended or modified from time to time,

and includes any successor provisions).

18AA) Each Alternative Provision Academy will provide education for the cohort

of pupils whose characteristics are set out in the requirements at section 1C of the

Academies Act and whose requirements for:

a) the admission of pupils to the Alternative Provision Academy are set out in

the relevant annex to the Supplemental Agreement;

b) the admission to the Alternative Provision Academy of and support for pupils

with SEN and with disabilities (for pupils who have and who do not have

statements of SEN) are set out in Annex B to this Agreement;

c) pupil exclusions are set out in regulations made by virtue of section 51A of

the Education Act 2002 (as may be amended or modified from time to time,

and includes any successor provision(s)).

Designated Teacher for Looked after Children

18A) The Company will in respect of each Academy act in accordance with, and be

bound by, all relevant statutory and regulatory provisions and have regard to any

guidance and codes of practice issued pursuant to such provisions, as they apply at

any time to a maintained school, relating to the designation of a person to manage

the teaching and learning programme for children who are looked after by an LA

and are registered pupils at the school. For the purpose of this clause, any

reference to the governing body of a maintained school in such statutory and

regulatory provisions, or in any guidance and code of practice issued pursuant to

such provisions, shall be deemed to be references to the Directors of the Company.

Teachers and other staff

19) In respect of Mainstream and Alternative Provision Academies:

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- a) subject to clause 19(b), the Company shall, in accordance with any guidance which the Secretary of State may issue on the qualifications of teaching and other staff in Academies, employ anyone it deems is suitably qualified or is otherwise eligible under a contract of employment or for services to carry out planning and preparing lessons and courses for pupils, delivering lessons to pupils, assessing the development, progress and attainment of pupils, and reporting on the development, progress and attainment of pupils.
- b) clause 19(a) does not apply to anyone who:
 - is appointed as the SENCO by the Company under section 317(3A) of the Education Act 1996, who must meet the requirements set out in Regulation 3 of the Education (Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators) (England) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/2945); or
 - ii) is appointed as a designated teacher for looked after children further to clause 18A.
- 20) In respect of **Special Academies**, subject to clause 20A, the Company shall not employ anyone under a contract of employment or for services to carry out planning and preparing lessons and courses for pupils, delivering lessons to pupils, assessing the development, progress and attainment of pupils, and reporting on the development, progress and attainment of pupils ("specified work") who is not either:
 - a) a qualified teacher within the meaning of regulations made under section 132 of the Education Act 2002; or
 - b) otherwise eligible to do specified work under the Education (Specified Work) (England) Regulations 2012 (SI 2012/762), which for the purpose of this clause shall be construed as if the relevant Academy were a maintained school.

20A) Clause 20 does not apply to anyone who:

- a) was transferred to the employment of the Company by virtue of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006; and
- b) immediately prior to the transfer, was employed to do specified work; and
- c) immediately prior to the transfer, was not;
 - a qualified teacher within the meaning of regulations made under section 132 of the Education Act 2002 and registered with full registration with the appropriate body, or
 - ii) eligible to do specified work under the Education (Specified Work) (England) Regulations 2012 (SI 2012/762)
- (a "transferred staff member"). The Company shall use its best endeavours to ensure that any transferred staff member who undertakes specified work and does not meet the requirements of either clause 20(a) or clause 20(b) meets such requirements as soon as possible.
- 21) The Company shall ensure that all teachers employed at each Academy have access to the Teachers' Pension Scheme and, in so doing, will comply with the statutory provisions underlying the scheme.
- 22) The Company shall ensure that all employees at each Academy other than teachers have access to the Local Government Pension Scheme in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme (Administration) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/239) (or such other regulations as may for the time being be applicable).
- 22A) Where a teacher employed at an Academy applies for a teaching post at another Academy, 16 to 19 Academy, maintained school, school maintained by a local authority or institution within the further education sector, the Company must at the request of the governing body or Academy Trust of that other educational institution:
 - a) advise in writing whether or not, in the preceding two years, there has been any formal consideration of that teacher's capability to perform their role at the Academy, or the school the Academy replaced; and

b) provide written details of the concerns which gave rise to any such consideration of that teacher's capability, the duration of the proceedings and

their outcome.

Curriculum, curriculum development and delivery and RE and collective worship

23) The curriculum provided by each Academy to pupils up to the age of 16 shall

be broad and balanced.

23A) Not used.

23B) The Company shall publish information in relation to the current curriculum

provision at each Academy. Such information shall include details relating to:

a) the content of the curriculum;

b) its approach to the curriculum;

c) the GCSE options (and other Key Stage 4 qualifications) or other future

qualifications, as specified by the Secretary of State, offered by each Academy;

d) the names of any phonics or reading schemes in operation for Key Stage 1;

and

e) how parents (including prospective parents) and Commissioners can obtain

further information in relation to the curriculum at each Academy.

23C) Subject to the requirements of clauses 23, 23B and 24 to 29A, the curriculum

will be the responsibility of the Company.

24) In respect of Mainstream and Special Academies, the Company shall

ensure that the broad and balanced curriculum includes English, mathematics and

science, and in respect of Alternative Provision Academies shall insure that the

broad and balanced curriculum includes English and mathematics.

24A) Sections 42A (provision of careers guidance) and 45A (guidance as to

discharge of duties) of the Education Act 1997 shall be deemed to apply to each

Academy with the following modifications:

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- a) each Academy shall be treated as falling within the meaning of "a school" under section 42A (2);
- b) the Company shall be deemed to be the "responsible authorities" for the purposes of subsection 42A(3); and
- c) references to registered pupils shall be treated as references to registered pupils at each Academy.
- 25) The Company shall make provision for the teaching of religious education and for a daily act of collective worship at each Mainstream Academy.
- 26) Where a Mainstream Academy is designated with a religious character⁵ in accordance with section 124B of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 or further to section 6(8) of the Academies Act 2010:
 - a) subject to clause 28, and paragraph 4 of Schedule 19 to the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 which shall apply as if the Academy were a voluntary aided school with a religious character, the Company shall ensure that provision is made for religious education to be given to all pupils at the Academy in accordance with the tenets of the specified religion or religious denomination of the Academy;
 - b) subject to clause 28, the Company shall comply with the requirements of section 70(1) of, and Schedule 20 to, the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 as if the Academy were a foundation school with a religious character or a voluntary school, and as if references to 'the required collective worship' were references to collective worship in accordance with the tenets and practices of the specified religion or religious denomination of the Academy;
 - c) the Company shall ensure that the quality of religious education given to pupils at the Academy and the contents of the Academy's collective worship given in accordance with the tenets and practice of the specific religion or

⁵ Alternative provisions are available and would be potentially appropriate for non-denominational faith schools.

religious denomination are inspected. Such inspection shall be conducted by a person chosen by the Company and the Academy shall secure that such inspection shall comply with the requirements set out in any statutory provision and regulations as if the Academy were a foundation or voluntary school which has been designated under section 69(3) of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 as having a religious character.

- 27) Where a **Mainstream Academy** has not been designated with a religious character in accordance with section 124B of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 or further to Section 6(8) of the Academies Act 2010:
 - a) subject to clause 28, the Company shall ensure that provision shall be made for religious education to be given to all pupils at the Academy in accordance with the requirements for agreed syllabuses in section 375(3) of the Education Act 1996 and paragraph 2(5) of Schedule 19 to the School Standards and Framework Act 1998;
 - b) subject to clause 28, the Company shall ensure that the Academy complies with the requirements of section 70(1) of, and Schedule 20 to, the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 as if it were a community, foundation or voluntary school which does not have a religious character, except that the provisions of paragraph 4 of that Schedule do not apply. The Academy may apply to the Secretary of State for consent to be relieved of the requirement imposed by paragraph 3(2) of that Schedule, the Secretary of State's consent to such an application not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed;
 - c) the Company⁶:
 - (1) agrees that before making an application pursuant to the Religious Character of Schools (Designation Procedure) (Independent Schools) (England) Regulations 2003 for each Academy to be designated as a school

⁶ This is required in order to ensure that the process by which an Academy becomes designated as a school with a religious character is comparable to that which applies for maintained schools. 24 January 2013 v9

with religious character it shall seek the prior written consent of the Secretary of State⁷:

(2) hereby acknowledges that the Secretary of State may in his absolute discretion refuse or consent to the Company making such an application.

27AAA) Where a **Mainstream Academy** is listed in the Register of Independent Schools as having a religious ethos, but has not been designated with a religious character in accordance with section 124B of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 or further to Section 6(8) of the Academies Act 2010, the Company agrees that paragraph 5(b) of Schedule 11 of the Equality Act 2010 shall not apply to the Academy.

27AA) The Company may make provision for the teaching of religious education and for a daily act of collective worship at each **Alternative Provision Academy**.

27A) Where an **Alternative Provision Academy** does (at its discretion in accordance with clause 27AA) make provision for the teaching of religious education and/or for a daily act of collective worship at the Alternative Provision Academy then:

- a) subject to clause 28, the Company shall ensure that any such provision shall be made for religious education to be given to all pupils at the Alternative Provision Academy in accordance with the requirements for agreed syllabuses in section 375(3) of the Education Act 1996 and paragraph 2(5) of Schedule 19 to the School Standards and Framework Act 1998;
- b) subject to clause 28, the Company shall ensure that the Alternative Provision Academy complies with the requirements of section 70(1) of, and Schedule 20 to, the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 as if it were a community, foundation or voluntary school which does not have a religious character, except that the provisions of paragraph 4 of that Schedule do not apply. The Alternative Provision Academy may apply to the Secretary of

⁷ The Company must undertake consultation on the proposal for designation prior to seeking the Secretary of State's consent.

State for consent to be relieved of the requirement imposed by paragraph

3(2) of that Schedule, the Secretary of State's consent to such an application

not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

28) Section 71(1) – (6) and (8) of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998

shall apply as if each Academy were a community, foundation or voluntary school,

and as if references to "religious education" and to "religious worship" in that

section were references to the religious education and religious worship provided

by each Academy in accordance with clauses 26 or 27 as appropriate.

28A) The Company shall, so far as practical, make provision for the teaching of

religious education and for acts of collective worship at each Special Academy.

28B) In respect of RE and collective worship at Special Academies:

a) subject to clause 28Bc), the Company shall ensure that provision shall be

made for religious education to be given to all pupils at the Academy in

accordance with the requirements for agreed syllabuses in section 375(3)

of the Education Act 1996 and paragraph 2(5) of Schedule 19 to the School

Standards and Framework Act 1998;

b) The Company shall ensure that each Special Academy complies with the

requirements of regulation 5A of the Education (Special Educational Needs)

(England) (Consolidation) Regulations 2001 as if it were a maintained special

school.

c) Regulation 5A of the Education (Special Educational Needs) (England)

(Consolidation) Regulations 2001 shall apply as if the Academy were a

community or foundation special school, and as if references to "religious

education" and to "religious worship" in that section were references to the

religious education and religious worship provided by the Academy in

accordance with this clause.

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28C) Where a **Special Academy** is listed in the Register of Independent Schools as having a religious ethos, the Company agrees that paragraph 5(b) of Schedule

11 of the Equality Act 2010 shall not apply to the Academy.

29) The Company shall have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State, further to section 403 of the Education Act 1996, on sex and relationship education to ensure that children at each Academy are protected from inappropriate teaching materials and they learn the nature of marriage and its importance for family life and for bringing up children. The Company shall also have regard to the requirements set out in section 405 of the Education Act 1996

which shall apply to each Academy as if it were a maintained school.

29A The Company agrees to act in accordance with Sections 406 (Political Indoctrination) and 407 (Duty to secure balance treatment of political issues) of the Education Act 1996 as if it were a maintained school, subject to the following modifications:

a) references to any maintained school shall be treated as references to each Academy;

b) references to registered pupils shall be treated as references to registered pupils at each Academy:

c) references to the governing body or the local authority shall, in each case, be treated as references to the Company; and

d) references to the head teacher shall, in each case, be treated as references to the Principal of each Academy⁸.

Assessment

30) The Secretary of State will notify the appropriate body for assessment purposes about each Academy.

⁸ Please also see the Charity Commission guidance (CC9): "Speaking out: Guidance on Campaigning and Political Activities by Charities" http://www.charity-commission.gov.uk/Publications/cc9.aspx 24 January 2013 v9

- a) The Company shall ensure that each Mainstream Academy and each Special Academy complies with any guidance issued by the Secretary of State from time to time to ensure that pupils take part in assessments and in teacher assessments of pupils' performance as they apply to maintained schools; and the Company shall also do so for each Alternative Provision Academy unless there are exceptional reasons to do otherwise.
- b) The Company shall report to any body on assessments under clause 30 as the Secretary of State shall require and shall provide such information as may be required by that body as applies to maintained schools.
- c) In respect of all Key Stages, the Company will submit each Academy to monitoring and moderation of its assessment arrangements as required by the Secretary of State.
- d) In relation to courses of education or training at an Academy which are funded from its GAG, the Company may offer:
 - (i) any course of education or training which leads to a qualification that is approved by the Secretary of State for the purposes of section 96 of the Learning and Skills Act 2000; and
 - (ii) any course of education or training not falling within paragraph (i) if the Secretary of State gives his specific written approval for it.
- 30A) Subject to clause 30B, the Company shall ensure that the following information is published on the website for each Mainstream Academy, for each Alternative Provision Academy, and where relevant for each Special Academy:
 - a) [If Applicable] The school's most recent Key Stage 2 results as published by the Secretary of State under the following column headings in the School Performance Tables published on the Department for Education's website:
 - (i) "% achieving Level 4 or above in English and maths";
 - (ii) "% making expected progress";
- (iii) in relation to English, "% achieving Level 5 or above"; and 24 January 2013 v9

- (iv) in relation to maths, "% achieving Level 5 or above".
- b) [If Applicable] The school's most recent Key Stage 4 results as published by the Secretary of State under the following column headings in the School Performance Tables published on the Department for Education's website:
 - (i) "% achieving 5 + A* C GCSEs (or equivalent) including English and maths GCSEs";
 - (ii) "% achieving the English Baccalaureate"; and
 - (iii) "% of pupils making expected progress".
- c) Information as to where and by what means the most recent report about the school published by the Chief Inspector may be accessed.
- d) Information as to where and by what means the School Performance Tables published by the Secretary of State on the Department for Education's website may be accessed.
- 30B) There is no requirement to publish information under clause 30A if to do so would be in breach of the Company's obligations under the Data Protection Act 1998.

Exclusions Agreement

- 31) In respect of **Mainstream Academies**, the Company shall, if invited to do so by an LA, enter into an agreement in respect of an Academy with that LA, which has the effect that where:
 - a) the Company admits a pupil to the Academy who has been permanently excluded from a maintained school, the Academy itself or another Academy with whom the LA has a similar agreement; or
 - b) the Company permanently excludes a pupil from the Academy;

payment will flow between the Company and the LA in the same direction and for the same amount that it would, were the Academy a maintained school, under

Regulations made under section 47 of the School Standards and Framework Act 24 January 2013 v9 34754/00001/170214171341.docx VN 2 170214 17-13-00

1998 relating to the addition or deduction of a maintained school's budget following a permanent exclusion or the admission of a permanently excluded pupil. At the date of this Agreement, the applicable Regulation is Regulation 23 of the School Finance (England) Regulations 2011.

School Meals

32) The Company shall, if requested to do so by or on behalf of any pupils at any

Academy, provide school lunches for those pupils unless it would be

unreasonable for it to do so. Subject to the provisions of clause 33 charges may

be levied for lunches, but the Company shall otherwise fund the cost of such

school lunches from its GAG for Mainstream Academies, or from its resources

for Special Academies and for Alternative Provision Academies.

33) In relation to a pupil who is himself or whose parents are in receipt of benefits

mentioned in section 512ZB of the Education Act 1996 (or equivalent provision

governing the entitlement to free school lunches of pupils at maintained schools),

the Company shall ensure that a school lunch is provided for such a pupil free of

charge to be funded by the Company.

Charging

34) Sections 402 (obligation to enter pupils for public examinations), 450 - 457

(charges), 459 (regulations about information about charges and school hours),

460 (voluntary contributions), 461 (recovery of sums as civil debt) and 462

(interpretation re charges) of the Education Act 1996 (including, for the avoidance

of doubt, any secondary legislation made further to those provisions) shall be

deemed to apply to each Academy with the following modifications:

a) references to any maintained school shall be treated as references to an

Academy;

b) references to registered pupils shall be treated as references to registered

pupils at an Academy;

c) references to the governing body or the local authority shall, in each case, be

treated as references to the Company;

d) the Company may charge persons who are not registered pupils at an Academy for education provided or for facilities used by them at that Academy.⁹

International Education Surveys

34A) Section 538A of the Education Act 1996 (power to direct participation in international surveys) shall be deemed to apply to each Academy with the following modifications:

- (a) references to the governing body shall be treated as references to the Company; and
- (b) references to a community, foundation or voluntary school shall be treated as references to the Academy.

Pupil Premium

- 34B) For **Mainstream Academies**, and those **Special Academies** that receive Pupil Premium Funding¹⁰, the Company shall publish in each Academy Financial Year information in relation to:
 - a) the amount of Pupil Premium allocation that it will receive during the Academy Financial Year;
 - b) on what it intends to spend the Pupil Premium allocation;
 - c) on what it spent its Pupil Premium in the previous Academy Financial Year;

⁹ For clarification, such charging is separate and distinct from any arrangement that the Company may make with Commissioners concerning the referral of pupils to the **Alternative Provision Academy**.

¹⁰ The Pupil Premium is additional funding for schools to support pupils from low-income families. In instances when those pupils are in special settings, the funding can either be allocated to the setting where they are being educated, or held by the local authority to spend specifically on additional educational support to raise the standard of attainment for these pupils. The authority must consult non-mainstream settings about how the Premium for these pupils should be used. Where Pupil Premium is allocated to the Special Academy by the Local Authority, the company must publish information as set out in clause 34B. There is no requirement for Alternative Provision settings to publish such information.

d) the impact in educational attainment, arising from expenditure of the

previous Academy Financial Year's Pupil Premium.

DURATION OF SCHOOL DAY AND YEAR

34C) In respect of Mainstream Academies and Alternative Provision

Academies, the duration of the school day and year will be the responsibility of the

Company.11

GRANTS TO BE PAID BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE

General

35) The Secretary of State shall pay grants towards Recurrent Expenditure and

may pay grants towards Capital Expenditure for each Academy. Except with the

Secretary of State's prior agreement, the Company shall not budget for its

expenditure in any Academy Financial Year in excess of expected income (subject

to clause 80). The Company shall not enter into commitments which are likely to

have substantial implications for future levels of grant, or for the period for which

grant may be required. No decision by the Company shall commit the Secretary

of State to paying any particular amount of grant.

36) "Recurrent Expenditure" means any expenditure on the establishment,

conduct, administration and maintenance of the Academy which does not fall

within the categories of capital expenditure set out at clause 37. The Secretary of

State shall pay two separate and distinct grants in respect of recurrent

expenditure: General Annual Grant ("GAG") and Earmarked Annual Grant

("EAG").

Capital Grant

37) "Capital Expenditure" means expenditure on:

¹¹ In respect of Special Academies, regulations made under section 551 of the Education Act 1996

apply (currently the Education (School Day and School Year) (England) Regulations 1999).

a) the acquisition of land and buildings;

b) the erection, enlargement, improvement or demolition of any building

including fixed plant, installation, wall, fence or other structure, or any

playground or hard standing;

c) the installation of electrical, mechanical or other services other than

necessary replacements, repairs and maintenance due to normal wear and tear;

d) the purchase of vehicles and other self-propelled mechanical equipment;

e) the installation and equipping of premises with furnishings and equipment,

other than necessary replacements, repairs and maintenance due to normal

wear and tear;

f) the installation and equipping of premises with computers, networking for

computers, operating software and information and communication technology

equipment, other than necessary updates or necessary replacements, repairs

and maintenance due to normal wear and tear;

g) the provision and equipping of premises, including playing fields and other

facilities for social activities and physical recreation other than necessary

replacements, repairs and maintenance due to normal wear and tear;

h) works of a permanent character other than the purchase or replacement of

minor day-to-day items;

i) any major repairs or replacements which are specified as constituting capital

expenditure in any grant letter relating to them;

j) such other items (whether of a like or dissimilar nature to any of the foregoing)

of a substantial or enduring nature as the Secretary of State may agree shall

constitute capital expenditure for the purposes of this Agreement;

k) all professional fees properly and reasonably incurred in connection with the

provision of any of the above;

I) VAT and other taxes payable on any of the above.

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"Capital Grant" means grant paid to the Company in respect of Capital Expenditure.

- 38) Where an Academy is to open in new premises, or where existing premises are to be substantially refurbished or remodelled to enable the Academy to open in such premises, the Secretary of State, may, in his absolute discretion be responsible for meeting the incurred Capital Expenditure for that Academy. To that end, the Secretary of State will consider providing funding in accordance with any arrangements as he considers appropriate.
- 39) Any Capital Expenditure incurred in respect of each Academy on which Capital Grant payments are sought from the Secretary of State will require the specific prior written agreement of the Secretary of State, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
- 40) Any payment of Capital Grant to the Company under this Agreement is subject to the fulfilment of the following conditions:
 - a) such grants are used solely to defray expenditure approved by the Secretary of State;
 - b) the Company certifying and providing evidence that all planning and other consents necessary for the development and all related infrastructure to be completed have been obtained or put in place;
 - c) Any other conditions that the Secretary of State may specify.

Arrangements for Payment of Capital Grant

41) Capital Grant will be paid by the Secretary of State to the Company on the basis of claims for grant submitted to the Secretary of State in the notified format with supporting invoices and certificates as required by the Secretary of State. If a dispute arises as to whether a claim is or is not acceptable both parties undertake to attempt to resolve it in good faith. In the event of such a dispute, the Secretary of State shall pay to the Company so much of the claim as shall not be in dispute.

General Annual Grant

41A) GAG paid by the Secretary of State in respect of an Academy shall only be spent by the Company towards the normal running costs of the Academies.

42) Clauses 42A to 53 apply in respect of Mainstream Academies only.

42A) GAG will be paid by the Secretary of State to the Company in order to cover the normal running costs of each **Mainstream Academy**. These will include, but are not limited to:

- a) teachers' salaries and related costs (including full and part time teaching staff and seconded teachers);
- b) non-teaching staff salaries and related costs (including pension contributions, educational support staff, administrative and clerical staff and manual and premises related staff);
- c) employees' expenses;
- d) the purchase, maintenance, repair and replacement:
 - (i) of teaching and learning materials and other educational equipment, including books, stationery and ICT equipment and software, sports equipment and laboratory equipment and materials;
 - (ii) of other supplies and services;
- e) examination fees;
- f) repairs, servicing and maintenance of buildings (including redecoration, heating, plumbing, lighting etc); maintenance of grounds (including boundary fences and walls); cleaning materials and contract cleaning; water and sewage; fuel and light (including fuel oil, solid and other fuel, electricity and gas); rents; rates; purchase, maintenance, repairs and replacement of furniture and fittings;
- g) insurance;

h) medical equipment and supplies;

i) staff development (including in-service training);

j) curriculum development;

k) the costs of providing school meals for pupils (including the cost of providing

free school meals to pupils who are eligible to receive them), and

discretionary grants to pupils to meet the cost of pupil support, including

support for pupils with special educational needs or disabilities (taking

account of the fact that separate additional money will be available for pupils

with statements of special educational needs);

I) administration; and

m) establishment expenses and other institutional costs.

43) Subject to clauses to 51-52, GAG for each Academy Financial Year for each

Mainstream Academy will include:

a) funding equivalent to that which would be received by a maintained school

with similar characteristics, determined by the Secretary of State and notified in

the Annual Letter of Funding or its equivalent, taking account of the number of

pupils at each Academy;

b) funding in respect of functions which would be carried out by the LA if each

Academy was a maintained school.

44) The GAG for each Academy Financial Year for each Mainstream Academy

will also include, payable on a basis equivalent to that applied to maintained

schools:

a) funding for matters for which it is necessary for that Academy to incur

extra costs, for as long as those costs are deemed necessary by the

Secretary of State; and

b) payments in respect of further, specific grants made available to

maintained schools, where the relevant Academy meets the requisite

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conditions and criteria necessary for a maintained school to receive these grants, such payments to be at the discretion of the Secretary of State.

45) Subject to clause 47, the basis of the pupil number count for the purposes of determining GAG for the Academy Financial Year in which a **Mainstream Academy** opens shall be the same basis as that used by the Local Authority for determining the budget share of the predecessor maintained school as adjusted by numbers counted in any subsequent Schools Census, as determined by the Secretary of State.

- 46) Subject to clause 47 the basis of the pupil number count for the purpose of determining GAG for a **Mainstream Academy** for Academy Financial Years after the Academy Financial Year in which the Academy opens will be:
 - a) for the pupil number count for pupils in Year 11 and below, the Schools Census which is used to fund maintained schools for the financial year overlapping with the Academy Financial Year in question; and
 - b) for the pupil number count for pupils in Year 12 and above, the formula which for the time being is in use for maintained schools for the calculation of pupil numbers for pupils in Year 12 and above for the purpose of calculating their level of funding.
- 47) Where either of the following conditions applies in respect of an Academy Financial Year, the basis of the pupil count shall be determined by the Secretary of State, taking account of any diseconomies of scale that the Academy will be under as a result of such condition(s) applying. The conditions are:
 - a) not all planned Year-groups will be present at the Academy (that is, not all the pupil cohorts relevant to the age-range of the Academy will have some pupils present); or
 - b) the total number of pupils as measured in the Schools Census which is used to fund maintained schools for the financial year overlapping with the Academy Financial Year in question is less than 90% of the planned final size of the Academy, as specified in the Academy's Supplemental

Agreement, and has not at any previous time been 90% or more of that number.

48) For any Academy Financial Year in which GAG for a **Mainstream Academy** has been calculated in accordance with clause 45, no adjustment shall be made to the following Academy Financial Year's formula funding element of GAG for that Academy to recognise variation from the pupil count basis used.

49) For any Academy Financial Year in which GAG for a **Mainstream Academy** is calculated in accordance with clause 46, no adjustment will be made to the formula funding element in the following Academy Financial Year's formula funding element of GAG unless the Company demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that there has been a significant impact on balances. For any other element of GAG the Secretary of State may make adjustments to recognise a variation in pupil numbers from that used to calculate the element of grant in question; the basis of these will be set out in the annual letter of funding.

50) The Secretary of State recognises that:

- a) in relation to **Mainstream Academies** which open with intakes representing only a proportion of the final planned size of the Academy, payments based simply upon the number of pupils present are unlikely to be sufficient to meet the Academy's needs in the Academy Financial Years before all age groups are present at their planned size (the "Start-up Period") because of a lack of economies of scale. The Secretary of State may pay an appropriately larger GAG in the Start-up Period than would be justified solely on the basis of the methods set out in clauses 43-49, in order to enable the Academy to operate effectively¹²;
- b) in relation to **Mainstream Academies** which open with pupils transferred from one or more maintained schools which have closed, additional GAG resources may be required to take account of transitional costs including any costs associated with supporting the integration of pupils from the closed

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 $^{^{\}rm 12}$ Note that a larger GAG for the Start-Up Period is only applicable to Academies with approved Academy Action Plans.

schools and, where necessary, to offer a dual curriculum. If the Secretary of State has indicated that such additional GAG will be payable, the Company will make a bid for this addition to GAG based upon need and providing appropriate supporting evidence.

51) During the Start-up Period or during the period when year groups are present who have transferred from a predecessor school or schools, the Secretary of State will pay a further element of GAG additional to that calculated in accordance with the methods set out in clauses 43-49 to allow the relevant **Mainstream Academy** to:

a) purchase a basic stock of teaching and learning materials (including library books, text books, software, stationery, science equipment and equipment for physical education) and other consumable materials;

b) meet the costs associated with the recruitment and induction of additional teaching and other staff.

After the Start-up Period these costs will be met through the ordinary GAG.

52) The Secretary of State recognises that if he serves notice of intention to terminate a Supplemental Agreement under that agreement the intake of new pupils during the notice period is likely to decline and that in such circumstances payments based simply upon the number of pupils attending the relevant **Mainstream Academy** are unlikely to be sufficient to meet the Academy's needs during the notice period. The Secretary of State may undertake to pay a reasonable and appropriately larger GAG with respect to that Academy in the notice period than would be justified solely on the basis of the methods set out in clauses 43-49, in order to enable the Academy to operate effectively.

53) The Secretary of State also recognises that if this Agreement or a Supplemental Agreement is terminated for any reason by either party the number of pupils at the relevant **Mainstream Academy or Mainstream Academies** is likely to decline. In these circumstances both parties undertake to attempt to resolve issues arising from such termination in good faith and with the aim of protecting the interests and the education of the pupils at the Academy.

54) Not used.

54AAA) Clauses 54AA to 54H apply in respect of Special Academies only.

54AA) GAG will be paid by the Secretary of State to the Company as a contribution towards the normal running costs of each **Special Academy**. These will include, but are not limited to:

- a. teachers' salaries and related costs (including full and part time teaching staff and seconded teachers);
- non-teaching staff salaries and related costs (including pension contributions, educational support staff, administrative and clerical staff and manual and premises related staff);
- c. employees' expenses;
- d. the purchase, maintenance, repair and replacement:
 - (i) of teaching and learning materials and other educational equipment, including books, stationery and ICT equipment and software, sports equipment and laboratory equipment and materials;
 - (ii) of other supplies and services;
- e. examination fees;
- f. repairs, servicing and maintenance of buildings (including redecoration, heating, plumbing, lighting etc); maintenance of grounds (including boundary fences and walls); cleaning materials and contract cleaning; water and sewage; fuel and light (including fuel oil, solid and other fuel, electricity and gas); rents; rates; purchase, maintenance, repairs and replacement of furniture and fittings;
- g. insurance;
- h. medical equipment and supplies;
- i. staff development (including in-service training);

j. curriculum development;

k. the costs of providing school meals for pupils (including the cost of providing

free school meals to pupils who are eligible to receive them), and

discretionary grants to pupils to meet the cost of pupil support, including

support for pupils with special educational needs or disabilities (taking

account of the fact that separate additional money will be available for pupils

with statements of special educational needs);

I. administration; and

m. establishment expenses and other institutional costs.

54A) Subject to clauses 54E – 54F, GAG for each Financial Year for each **Special**

Academy will include:

a) funding equivalent to that which would be received by a maintained special

school with similar characteristics, determined by the Secretary of State and

notified in the Annual Letter of Funding or its equivalent, taking account of the

number of pupils at each Academy;

b) funding in respect of functions which would be carried out by the LA if each

Academy was a maintained special school.

54B) The GAG for each Academy Financial Year for each Special Academy will

also include, payable on a basis equivalent to that applied to maintained special

schools:

a) funding for matters for which it is necessary for that Academy to incur extra

costs, for as long as those costs are deemed necessary by the Secretary of

State; and

b) payments in respect of further, specific grants made available to maintained

special schools, where the relevant Academy meets the requisite conditions

and criteria necessary for a maintained school to receive these grants, such

payments to be at the discretion of the Secretary of State.

54C) The Secretary of State will determine GAG for each Special Academy for

each Academy Funding Year. The determinations will be made taking into

account relevant factors. Arrangements for this will be set out in the Annual Letter

of funding or its equivalent.

54D) The Secretary of State may make provision, within his absolute discretion,

for GAG to be adjusted in-year if the number of pupils attending the relevant

academy at specified dates exceeds or falls below thresholds specified by letter.

Arrangements for this will be set out in the Annual Letter of Funding.

54E) The Secretary of State recognises that a larger GAG may be appropriate to

meet additional costs during the start-up period, and may pay start-up grant, on a

basis determined by him, during that period, the length of which will be stipulated

in the Annual Letter of Funding¹³.

54F) The Secretary of State recognises that if he serves notice of intention to

terminate a Supplemental Agreement, the intake of new pupils during the notice

period is likely to decline and that in such circumstances payments based on a

number of places related to the number of pupils attending the relevant Special

Academy are unlikely to be sufficient to meet the Academy's needs during the

notice period. The Secretary of State may undertake to pay a reasonable and

appropriately larger GAG with respect to that Academy in the notice period than

would be justified solely on the basis of the methods set out in clauses 54A-54D,

in order to enable the Academy to operate effectively.

54G)The Secretary of State also recognises that if this Agreement or a

Supplemental Agreement is terminated for any reason by either party the number

of pupils at the relevant Special Academy or Special Academies is likely to

decline. In these circumstances both parties undertake to attempt to resolve

issues arising from such termination in good faith and with the aim of protecting

the interests and the education of the pupils at the Academy.

54H) Not used.

¹³ Note that a larger GAG for the Start-Up Period is only applicable to Academies with approved Academy Action Plans.

54l) Clauses 54J to 54P apply in respect of Alternative Provision Academies

only.

54J) GAG will be paid by the Secretary of State to the Company as a contribution¹⁴

to the normal running costs of the Alternative Provision Academy. These will

include, but are not limited to:

a) teachers' salaries and related costs (including full and part time teaching staff

and seconded teachers);

b) non-teaching staff salaries and related costs (including pension

contributions, educational support staff, administrative and clerical staff and

manual and premises related staff);

c) employees' expenses;

d) the purchase, maintenance, repair and replacement:

(i) of teaching and learning materials and other educational equipment,

including books, stationery and ICT equipment and software, sports

equipment and laboratory equipment and materials;

(ii) of other supplies and services;

e) examination fees:

f) repairs, servicing and maintenance of buildings (including redecoration,

heating, plumbing, lighting etc); maintenance of grounds (including boundary

fences and walls); cleaning materials and contract cleaning; water and

sewerage; fuel and light (including fuel oil, solid and other fuel, electricity and

gas); rents; rates; purchase, maintenance, repairs and replacement of

furniture and fittings;

g) insurance;

h) medical equipment and supplies;

¹⁴ The extent of any such contribution to be within the absolute discretion of the Secretary of State.

- i) staff development (including in-service training);
- j) curriculum development;
- k) the costs of providing school meals for pupils (including the cost of providing free school meals to pupils who are eligible to receive them), and discretionary grants to pupils to meet the cost of pupil support, including support for pupils with special educational needs or disabilities (taking account of the fact that separate additional money will be available for pupils with statements of special educational needs);
- administration; and
- m) establishment expenses and other institutional costs.

54K) Subject to clause 54M, GAG for each Academy Financial Year for each **Alternative Provision Academy** will include:

- a) funding determined by the Secretary of State and notified in the Annual Letter of Funding or its equivalent, taking account of the number of pupils and/or places at the Alternative Provision Academy;
- b) funding in respect of functions which would be carried out by the local authority if the Alternative Provision Academy were a maintained school.
- c) funding for matters for which it is necessary for the Alternative Provision
 Academy to incur extra costs, for as long as those costs are deemed
 necessary by the Secretary of State; and
- d) payments in respect of further, specific grants made available to Pupil Referral Units maintained by the local authority, where the Alternative Provision Academy meets the requisite conditions and criteria necessary for a Pupil Referral Unit maintained by the local authority to receive these grants.
- 54L) For each **Alternative Provision Academy**, the Secretary of State will determine GAG for each Academy Financial Year. The determination will be made taking into account relevant factors. Arrangements for this will be set out in the Annual Letter of Funding or its equivalent.

54M) For each Alternative Provision Academy, the Secretary of State may

make provision, within his absolute discretion, for GAG to be adjusted in-year if

the number of pupils attending the relevant Alternative Provision Academy at

specified dates exceeds or falls below thresholds specified by letter.

Arrangements for this will be set out in the Annual Letter of Funding or its

equivalent.

54N) The Secretary of State recognises that if he serves notice of intention to

terminate this Agreement, the intake of new pupils during the notice period is likely

to decline and that in such circumstances the total income of the relevant

Alternative Provision Academy is unlikely to be sufficient. In such circumstances

payments based simply upon the number of pupils attending that Academy are

unlikely to be sufficient to meet the Academy's needs during the notice period.

The Secretary of State may undertake to pay a reasonable and appropriately

larger GAG with respect to the Alternative Provision Academy in the notice period

than would be justified solely taking into account factors at clause 54J in order to

enable the Alternative Provision Academy to operate effectively.

540) The Secretary of State also recognises that if this Agreement is terminated

for any reason by either party the number of pupils at the relevant Alternative

Provision Academy is likely to decline. In these circumstances both parties

undertake to attempt to resolve issues arising from such termination in good faith

and with the aim of protecting the interests and the education of the pupils at the

Alternative Provision Academy.

Earmarked Annual Grant

55) Earmarked Annual Grant ("EAG") may be paid by the Secretary of State to the

Company in respect of either Recurrent Expenditure or Capital Expenditure for

such specific purposes as may from time to time be agreed between the Secretary

of State and the Company and as described in the relevant funding letter. The

Company shall only spend EAG in accordance with the scope, terms and

conditions of the grant set out in the relevant funding letter.

24 January 2013 v9 34754/00001/170214171341.docx 56) Where the Company is seeking a specific EAG in relation to any Academy Financial Year, it shall submit a letter outlining its proposals and the reasons for its

request to the DfE.

Arrangements for Payment of GAG and EAG

57) The Secretary of State shall notify the Company at a date preceding the start

of each Academy Financial Year of the GAG and EAG figures in respect of each

Academy which, subject to Parliamentary approval, the Secretary of State plans

for that Academy Financial Year and of the assumptions and figures on which

these are based.

58) If GAG or EAG is calculated incorrectly due to a mistake of the Secretary of

State then:

a) if this leads to an underpayment of GAG, the Secretary of State will correct

the underpayment in subsequent Academy Financial Years;

b) if this leads to an overpayment of GAG, the Secretary of State reserves the

right to recover any overpaid grant in subsequent Academy Financial Years,

as appropriate, having considered all the relevant circumstances and taking

into account any representations from the Company.

59) If GAG or EAG is calculated incorrectly because the Company provides

incorrect information to the Secretary of State then:

a) if this leads to an underpayment of GAG, the Secretary of State may correct

the underpayment in subsequent Academy Financial Years;

b) if this leads to an overpayment of GAG, the Secretary of State reserves the

right to recover any overpaid grant in subsequent Academy Financial Years, as

appropriate, having considered all the relevant circumstances and taking into

account any representations from the Company.

60) The amounts of GAG for an Academy Financial Year will be determined

annually by the Secretary of State. The amount of GAG for each Academy for the

initial Academy Financial Year will be notified to the Company in a funding letter at

24 January 2013 v9 34754/00001/170214171341.docx a date preceding that year. For subsequent years the amount of GAG will be notified to the Company in a funding letter preceding that Academy Financial Year (the "Annual Letter of Funding"). The Annual Letter of Funding will not include the amount that the Company will receive in respect of grants for which information to enable timely calculation is not available or is incomplete, such grants will be notified as soon as practicable later in the year. Amounts of EAG will be notified to the Company wherever possible in the Annual Letter of Funding or its equivalent as soon as practicable thereafter.

61) The Secretary of State undertakes to pay GAG in monthly instalments on or before the twenty-fifth day of each month, each such instalment to fund the salaries and other payroll costs for the relevant month of all monthly paid employees and all other costs payable during the next following month. The detailed arrangements for payment will be set out in the Annual Letter of Funding or its equivalent.

Other relevant funding

62) 15 Not used.

62A) With regards to an **Alternative Provision Academy**, the Company may apply to the Secretary of State for financial assistance in relation to proposed redundancies that it may make. On an application to the Secretary of State, he may (at his absolute discretion) agree to meet a proportion of the Company's costs arising from the inclusion of Academies in the Schedules to the Redundancy Payments (Continuity of Employment in Local Government) (Modification) Order 1999. In response to an application for financial assistance, the Secretary of State may agree to meet the costs of the employees' prior eligible service, being service prior to the opening of the Alternative Provision Academy, but the Company will be required to meet the costs of service after the opening of the Academy.

¹⁵ NOTE. For **Mainstream Academies** or **Special Academies** with approved Academy Action Plans see appropriate wording to be included as set out in Section B of the Appendix below. 24 January 2013 v9

63) The Secretary of State may meet costs incurred by the Company in connection with the transfer of employees from any predecessor school under the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006. Payment of grant in respect of such costs is to be agreed between the parties on a case by

case basis and the Company shall not budget on the basis that it will receive any

case basis and the Company shall not budget on the basis that it will receive any

grant in respect of such costs unless it is specifically notified that such grant will be

paid.

64) The Company may also receive funding from an LA in respect of the provision

detailed in statements of SEN for pupils attending an Academy in accordance with

the provisions of Section 483A of the Education Act 1996 and regulations made

under that section. The Company shall ensure that all provision detailed in

statements of SEN is provided for such pupils.

65) Not used.

FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

General

66) The Company shall appoint an Accounting Officer and shall notify the

Secretary of State of that appointment.

67) In relation to the use of grant paid to the Company by the Secretary of State,

the Company shall abide by the requirements of, and have regard to the guidance

in, the Academies Financial Handbook published by the DfE and amended from

time to time and as modified to take account of the fact that the Company

manages more than one Academy which sets out in detail provisions for the

financial management of each Academy including guidance on financial systems

and controls and accounting and reporting requirements, in so far as these are not

inconsistent with any accounting and reporting requirements and guidance that it

may be subject to by virtue of its being a charity.

67A) The Company shall abide by the requirements of the current 16 to 19

Funding Guidance published by the Secretary of State and as amended from time

to time, or such other guidance on 16 to 19 funding issued by the Secretary of

24 January 2013 v9 34754/00001/170214171341.docx State as may from time to time be applicable, in respect of any of its provision for persons who are above compulsory school age until the academic year in which they reach the age of 19.

68) The formal budget plan must be approved each Academy Financial Year by the Directors of the Company.

69) Any payment of grant by the Secretary of State in respect of each Academy is subject to his being satisfied as to the fulfilment by the Company of the following conditions:

 a) in its conduct and operation it shall apply financial and other controls which conform to the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management;

b) arrangements have been made to maintain proper accounting records and that statements of income and expenditure and balance sheets may be produced in such form and frequency as the Secretary of State may from time to time reasonably direct;

c) in addition to the obligation to fulfil the statutory requirements referred to in sub-clause f) below, the Company shall prepare its financial statements, Directors' report, Annual Accounts and its Annual Return for each Academy Financial Year in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice as issued by the Charity Commission and updated from time to time as if the Company was a non-exempt Charity and/or in such form or manner and by such date as the Secretary of State may reasonably direct and shall file these with the Secretary of State and the Principal Regulator each Academy Financial Year;

d) a statement of the accounting policies used should be sent to the Secretary of State with the financial statements and should carry an audit report stating that, in the opinion of the auditors, the statements show a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and that the grants were used for the purposes intended;

24 January 2013 v9 34754/00001/170214171341.docx VN 2 170214 17-13-00 e) the Company shall ensure that its accounts are audited annually by independent auditors appointed under arrangements approved by the Secretary of State;

f) the Company prepares and files with the Companies Registry such annual accounts as are required by the Companies Act 2006;

g) the Company shall publish on its website its Annual Accounts, Annual Report, Memorandum, Articles, Funding Agreement and a list of the names of the Directors of the Company; and

h) the Company insures or procures insurance by another person of its assets in accordance with normal commercial practice or under the terms of any subsisting leases in respect of the leasehold interest of the site upon which each Academy is situated.

70) In addition, and at his expense, the Secretary of State may instruct auditors to report to him on the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting systems and internal controls maintained by the Company to standards determined by the Secretary of State and to make recommendations for improving the financial management of the Company.

71) The books of accounts and all relevant records, files and reports of the Company including those relating to financial controls, shall be open at all reasonable times to officials of the DfE and the National Audit Office and to contractors retained by the DfE or the National Audit Office for inspection or the carrying out of value for money studies; and the Company shall secure that those officials and contractors are given reasonable assistance with their enquiries. For the purposes of this clause 'relevant' means in any way relevant to the provision and use of grants provided by the Secretary of State under this Agreement.

72) The Company shall submit information in relation to the finances of each Academy to the Secretary of State in accordance with the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook as amended from time to time, or as otherwise specified from time to time by the Secretary of State.

73) At the beginning of any Academy Financial Year the Company may hold

unspent GAG for any Academy from previous Academy Financial Years

amounting to such percentage (if any) as for the time being specified in the

Academies Financial Handbook or otherwise as the Secretary of State may

specify by notice in writing to the Company prior to the beginning of that Academy

Financial Year of the total GAG payable for the Academy in the Academy

Financial Year just ended or such higher amount as may from time to time be

agreed. The Company shall use such carried forward amount for such purpose,

or subject to such restriction on its use, as for the time being specified in the

Academies Financial Handbook or otherwise as the Secretary of State may

specify by notice in writing to the Company.

74) Notwithstanding clause 73 any additional grant provided over and above that:

a) set out in clauses 43-49 in relation to Mainstream Academies and made in

accordance with clauses 50-52 may be carried forward without limitation or

deduction until the Start-up Period or the circumstances set out in clause 52

come to an end.

b) set out in clauses 54A-54D in relation to Special Academies and made in

accordance with clauses 54E-54F may be carried forward without limitation or

deduction until the Start-up Period or the circumstances set out in clause 54F

come to an end.

c) set out in clauses 54K-54M in relation to Alternative Provision Academies

and made in accordance with clauses 54N may be carried forward without

limitation or deduction until the circumstances set out in clause 54N come to an

end.

75) Any unspent GAG not allowed to be carried forward under clauses 73-74 may

be taken into account in the payment of subsequent grant.

75A) GAG paid by the Secretary of State shall only be used by the Company for

the educational charitable purpose of advancing for the public benefit education in

the United Kingdom, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the

foregoing by establishing, maintaining, carrying on, managing and developing

24 January 2013 v9 34754/00001/170214171341.docx Academies offering a broad and balanced curriculum. Such funds shall not be used by the Company for any other charitable purpose without the prior written consent of the Secretary of State, except where the use of such funds for that charitable purpose is merely incidental to their use for the educational charitable purpose of advancing for the public benefit education in the United Kingdom.

76) The Company may also spend or accumulate funds from private sources or public sources other than grants from the Secretary of State for application to the benefit of an Academy as it sees fit. Any surplus arising from private sources or public sources other than grants from the Secretary of State shall be separately identified in the Company's balance sheet.

77) The Company shall not, in relation to assets or property funded (whether in whole or in part) by the Secretary of State or otherwise coming within the meaning of publicly funded land as defined by paragraph 22(3) of Schedule 1 to the Academies Act 2010, without the prior written consent of the Secretary of State which shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed:

- a) except such as are given in normal contractual relations, give any guarantees, indemnities or letters of comfort above a value as for the time being specified in the Academies Financial Handbook or otherwise as the Secretary of State may specify by notice in writing to the Company from time to time;
- b) write off any debts or liabilities owed to it, nor offer to make any ex gratia payments (such as staff severance or compensation payments), above a value as for the time being specified in the Academies Financial Handbook or otherwise as the Secretary of State may specify by notice in writing to the Company from time to time;
- c) except as may be permitted in the Academies Financial Handbook or otherwise as the Secretary of State may specify by notice in writing to the Company, make any sale or purchase of or otherwise dispose of freehold or leasehold property including entering into a contract to dispose of land or granting an option to acquire an interest in land; or

d) take up any leasehold or tenancy agreement for a term exceeding three years.

78) The Company shall provide 30 days' prior written notice to the Secretary of State, whether or not the circumstances require the Secretary of State's consent, of its intention to:

a) give any guarantees, indemnities or letters of comfort;

b) write off any debts owed to it or offer to make any ex gratia payments;

c) make any sale or purchase of or otherwise dispose of freehold or leasehold property including entering into a contract to dispose of land or granting an option to acquire an interest in land; or

d) take up any leasehold or tenancy agreement for a term exceeding three years.

79) Each discovered loss of an amount exceeding the amount for the time being specified by the Secretary of State and arising from suspected theft or fraud, shall be reported by the Company to the Secretary of State at the earliest opportunity.

80) It is the responsibility of the Company to ensure that each Academy balances its budget from Academy Financial Year to Academy Financial Year. For the avoidance of doubt, this does not prevent the Company from:

a) subject to clause 73, carrying a surplus from one Academy Financial Year to the next; or

b) carrying forward from a previous Academy Financial Year or Academy Financial Years a sufficient surplus or sufficient cumulative surpluses on grants from the Secretary of State to meet an in-year deficit on such grants in a subsequent financial year; or

c) incurring an in-year deficit on funds from sources other than grants from the Secretary of State in any Academy Financial Year, provided it does not affect the Company's responsibility to ensure that the Company balances its overall budget from Academy Financial Year to Academy Financial Year. 80A The Company shall abide by the requirements of and have regard to the

Charity Commission's guidance to charities and charity trustees and in particular

the Charity Commission's guidance in Protecting Charities from Harm ('the

compliance toolkit'). Any references in this document which require charity

trustees to report to the Charity Commission should instead be interpreted as

references to report to the Principal Regulator.

Borrowing Powers

81) Except as may be permitted by the Academies Financial Handbook (and

amended from time to time) or otherwise as the Secretary of State may specify by

notice in writing to the Company, the Company shall not borrow against or so as to

put at risk property or assets funded (whether in whole or in part) by the Secretary

of State without specific approval of the Secretary of State, such approval may

only be granted in limited circumstances. The Company shall not operate an

overdraft except to cover irregularities in cash flow. Such an overdraft, and the

maximum amount to be borrowed, shall require approval by the Company in

General Meeting and in writing by the Secretary of State, and shall be subject to

any conditions which the Secretary of State may reasonably impose.

82) The Company shall provide 30 days' written notice to the Secretary of State of

its intention to borrow, whether or not such borrowing requires the Secretary of

State's approval under clause 81 above.

Disposal of Assets

83) Where the Company acquires assets for a nil consideration or at an under

value it shall be treated for the purpose of this Agreement as having incurred

expenditure equal to the market value of those assets at the time that they were

acquired. This provision shall not apply to assets transferred to the Company at

nil or nominal consideration and which were previously used for the purposes of

an Academy and/or were transferred from an LA, the value of which assets shall

be disregarded.

84) The sale or disposal by other means, or reinvestment of proceeds from the

disposal, of a capital asset by the Company shall require the consent of the

Secretary of State, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed, where:

a) the Secretary of State paid capital grant in excess of the value for the time being specified by the Secretary of State for the asset; or

being openion by the cooletary of class for the decot, of

b) the asset was transferred to the Company from an LA for no or nominal

consideration.

85) Furthermore, reinvestment of a percentage of the proceeds of disposal of a capital asset paid for with a capital grant from the Secretary of State shall require the Secretary of State's consent in the circumstances set out above and reinvestment exceeding the value for the time being specified by the Secretary of State or with other special features will be subject to Parliamentary approval. The

percentage of the proceeds for which consent is needed is the percentage of the

initial price of the asset which was paid by capital grant from the Secretary of

State.

86) This clause applies in the event, during the lifetime of this Agreement, of the disposal of a capital asset for which capital grant of any amount was paid by the

Secretary of State, where the asset was acquired by the Company. In this event,

the Company shall repay to the Secretary of State the same proportion of the

proceeds of the disposal as equates with the proportion of the original cost met by

the Secretary of State, unless the Secretary of State agrees to some or all of the

proceeds being retained by the Company for its charitable purposes.

87) This clause applies in the event, during the lifetime of this Agreement, that the

Secretary of State consents to the disposal of an asset which was transferred to

the Company from an LA for no or nominal consideration. In this event the

Secretary of State may give consent on the basis that all or part of the proceeds of

the disposal should be made over to the LA from which the asset was transferred,

taking into account the amount of the proceeds to be reinvested by the Company.

The Secretary of State will have regard to any representations from the Company

and the LA from which the asset was transferred before giving consent under this

clause.

88) Except with the consent of the Secretary of State, the Company shall not

dispose of assets funded (whether in whole or in part) by the Secretary of State for

a consideration less than the best price that can reasonably be obtained, such

consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

89) The Company shall provide 30 days' written notice to the Secretary of State of

its intention to dispose of assets for a consideration less than the best price that

can reasonably be obtained, whether or not such disposal requires the Secretary

of State's consent under clause 88 above.

TERMINATION

90) This Agreement shall commence on the date hereof and continue until

terminated in accordance with clause 91 or until all Supplemental Agreements

have terminated.

91) The Secretary of State may at any time by notice in writing terminate this

Agreement and each of the Supplemental Agreements such termination to take

effect on the date of the notice, on the occurrence, or where in his reasonable

opinion there is a serious risk of occurrence, of any of the following events:-

a) the Company calls a meeting of its creditors (whether formal or informal) or

enters into any composition or arrangement (whether formal or informal) with its

creditors; or

b) the Company proposes a voluntary arrangement within Section 1 of the

Insolvency Act 1986 (as amended); or

c) the Company is unable to pay its debts within the meaning of Section 123 of

the Insolvency Act 1986 provided that, for the purposes of this Clause, Section

123 (1)(a) of the Insolvency Act 1986 shall have effect as if the amount of

£10,000 was substituted for £750. The Company shall not be deemed unable to

pay its debts for the purposes of this clause if any such demand as is mentioned

in the said Section is being contested in good faith by the Company; or

d) the Company has a receiver and manager (with the exception of Receivers

and Managers or Interim Managers appointed by the Charity Commission under

the Charities Act 2011 or any subsequent re-enactment of that Act),

administrator or administrative receiver appointed over all or any part of its

undertakings, assets or income; or

e) any distraint, execution or other process is levied or enforced on any of the

Company's property and is not paid out, withdrawn or discharged within fifteen

Business Days; or

f) the Company has passed a resolution for its winding up; or

g) an order is made for the winding up or administration of the Company.

92) The Company shall notify the Secretary of State as soon as possible after

receiving any petition which may result in an order for the winding up or

administration of the Company and shall provide an explanation to the Secretary

of State of the circumstances giving rise to the service of such a petition.

93) Not used.

Change of Control

93A) The Secretary of State may at any time, subject to clause 93C) below,

terminate this Agreement by notice in writing to the Academy Trust such

termination to take effect on the date of the notice in the event that there is a

change:

(a) in the Control of the Company;

(b) in the Control of a legal entity that Controls the Company.

Provided that where a person ('P') is a member or director of the body corporate

(as a corporation sole or otherwise) by virtue of an office, no change of Control

arises merely by P's successor becoming a member or director in P's place.

93B) The Company shall notify the Secretary of State in writing of any change or

proposed change of Control within the meaning of clause 93A) above, as soon as

reasonably practicable after it has become aware of any such change, or

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93C) When notifying the Secretary of State further to clause 93B), the Company

may seek the Secretary of State's agreement that, if he is satisfied that the person

assuming Control is suitable, he will not in those circumstances exercise his right

to terminate this Agreement further to clause 93A).

94) Not used.

GENERAL

Information

95) Without prejudice to any other provision of this Agreement, the Secretary of

State acting reasonably may from time to time call for information on any

Mainstream Academy or Special Academy relating to, but not restricted to, the

following matters:

a) curriculum;

b) arrangements for the assessment of pupils;

c) teaching staff including numbers, qualifications, experience, salaries, and

teaching loads;

d) class sizes;

e) outreach work with other schools and the local community;

f) operation of the admission criteria and over subscription arrangements for the

Academy including numbers of applications for places and the number and

characteristics of pupils accepted for admission – for Mainstream Academies

only;

g) numbers of pupils excluded (including permanent and fixed term exclusions);

h) levels of authorised and unauthorised attendance:

i) charging and remissions policies and the operation of those policies;

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- j) organisation, operation and building management;
- k) financial controls;
- I) compliance with the requirements of the Charity Commission's guidance to charities and charity trustees and in particular the Charity Commission's guidance in the Protecting Charities from Harm ('the compliance toolkit') and in CC9: Speaking Out, Campaigning and Political Activities by Charities, as amended from time to time; and
- m) membership and proceedings of the Company and the Local Governing Body together with any other relevant information concerning the management or governance of the Academy which, subject to clause 99), is reasonably necessary for the Secretary of State to carry out his functions generally and in relation to this Agreement or the relevant Supplemental Agreement.

95A) Without prejudice to any other provision of this Agreement, the Secretary of State acting reasonably may from time to time call for information on any Alternative Provision Academy relating to, but not restricted to, the following matters:

- a) curriculum and the provision generally (including specifically for SEN pupils);
- b) arrangements for the assessment of pupils and any information about pupil progress, achievement and attainment;
- c) staff including numbers, qualifications, experience, salaries, and teaching loads:
- d) class sizes and pupil organisation;
- e) outreach work with other schools and the local community;
- f) operation of the referral and reintegration processes for the Alternative Provision Academy including numbers of requested referrals, the number of referrals that have been refused and the reasons for the refusal in each case and the number and characteristics of pupils accepted for admission and destinations/outcomes of pupils/former pupils;
- g) numbers of pupils excluded (including permanent and fixed term exclusions),

characteristics of pupils excluded, reasons for exclusions, outcomes of any independent review panels;

- h) levels of authorised and unauthorised absences;
- i) charging and remissions policies and the operation of those policies;
- j) organisation, operation and building management;
- k) financial controls;
- compliance with the requirements of the Charity Commission's guidance to charities and charity trustees and in particular the Charity Commission's guidance in the Protecting Charities from Harm ('the compliance toolkit') and in (CC9): "Speaking Out: Guidance on Campaigning and Political Activities by Charities", as amended from time to time; and
- m) membership and proceedings of the Company and Local Governing Body together with any other relevant information concerning the management or governance of the Academy which, subject to clause 99), is reasonably necessary for the Secretary of State to carry out his functions generally and in relation to this Agreement or the relevant Supplemental Agreement.
- 96) The Company shall make such information available to the Secretary of State, in such form and manner and at such times as may reasonably be required. The Secretary of State shall provide the Company with such information as it may reasonably require of him for the running of an Academy.

Access by the Secretary of State's Officers

97) The Company shall allow access to the premises of any Academy at any reasonable time to DfE officials. All records, files and reports relating to the running of the Company and each Academy shall be available to them at any reasonable time. The Company shall provide the Secretary of State in advance with papers relating to each Academy prepared for meetings of the Local Governing Body, of the Company's directors and of the members of the Company. Two DfE officials shall be entitled to attend and to speak at all such meetings, but shall withdraw from any discussion of an Academy's or the Company's relationship with the Secretary of State or any discussion of bids for funding to the Secretary of State. The Company shall take any steps which are required to

secure its compliance with the obligations imposed by this clause of this Agreement.

98) The Company shall ensure that:

 a) the agenda for every meeting of the relevant Local Governing Body and the Company's directors;

b) the draft minutes of every such meeting, if they have been approved by the

person acting as chairman of that meeting;

c) the signed minutes of every such meeting; and

d) any report, document or other paper considered at any such meeting,

are made available for inspection by any interested party at the relevant Academy and, as soon as is reasonably practicable, sent to the Secretary of State upon request.

99) There may be excluded from any item required to be made available for inspection by any interested party and to be sent to the Secretary of State by virtue of clause 98, any material relating to:

 a) a named teacher or other person employed, or proposed to be employed, at any Academy;

b) a named pupil at, or candidate for admission to, any Academy; and

c) any matter which, by reason of its nature, the Company is satisfied should remain confidential.

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Notices

- 100) A notice or communication given to a party under or in connection with this Agreement:
 - (a) shall be in writing and in English;
 - (b) shall be sent to the party for the attention of the contact and at the address listed in clause 100A;
 - (c) shall be sent by a method listed in clause 100C; and
 - (d) is deemed received as set out in clause 100C if prepared and sent in accordance with this clause.
- 100A) The parties' addresses and contacts are:

Name of	Position of	Address
Party	Contact	
Secretary	Head of	Department for Education, Sanctuary Buildings,
of State	Academies	Great Smith Street, London SW1P 3BT
	Division	
The	Chairman of	Chipstead Valley Academy Trust, Chipstead
Company	Directors	Valley Primary School, Chipstead Valley Road,
		Coulsdon, Surrey, CR5 3BW

100B) A party may change its details given in the table in clause 100A) by giving notice, the change taking effect for the party notified of the change at 9.00 am on the date five Business Days after deemed receipt of the notice.

100C) Any notice or other communication required to be given to a party under or in connection with this Agreement shall be delivered by hand or sent by pre-paid first-class post or other next working day delivery service. Any notice or communication shall be deemed to have been received if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice is left at the address specified in Clause 100A, or otherwise at 9.00 am on the second Business Day after posting.

100D) This clause does not apply to the service of any proceedings or other

documents in any legal action. For the purposes of clause 100, "writing" shall not

include e-mail.

101) The service by the Secretary of State of a notice of termination of a

Supplemental Agreement shall not prejudice the ability of the Company (if it

wishes to do so) during the notice period to admit pupils to the relevant Academy

in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and the relevant

Supplemental Agreement and to receive GAG and EAG in respect of them.

Complaints

102) If a complaint is made about matters arising in whole or in part prior to the

opening of any Mainstream Academy or any Special Academy, as referred to in

clause 2.4 for Mainstream Academies and clause 3.1 for Special Academies of

the relevant supplemental agreement, and all or part of that complaint was being or

had been investigated by the Local Government Ombudsman under Part III or the

Local Government Act 1974 ('Part III') or that complaint in whole or in part could

have been investigated under Part III had the school the Academy replaced

remained a maintained school, the Company:

a) will abide by the provisions of Part III as though the Academy were a

maintained school;

b) agrees that the Secretary of State shall have the power to investigate the

matter complained of as if it had taken place after conversion;

c) agrees to act in accordance with any recommendation from the Secretary of

State as though that recommendation had been made under Part III and the

Academy were a maintained school.

102A) If a complaint is made about matters arising in whole or in part prior to the

opening of any Alternative Provision Academy, as referred to in clause 3.1 of the

relevant supplemental agreement, and all or part of that complaint was being or had

been investigated by the Local Government Ombudsman under Part III of the Local

Government Act 1974 ("Part III") or that complaint in whole or in part could have

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been investigated under Part III had the Pupil Referral Unit the Alternative Provision Academy replaced remained a Pupil Referral Unit, the Company:

- a) will abide by the provisions of Part III as though the Alternative Provision Academy were a Pupil Referral Unit;
- b) agrees that the Secretary of State shall have the power to investigate the matter complained of as if it had taken place after conversion;
- c) agrees to act in accordance with any recommendation from the Secretary of State as though that recommendation had been made under Part III and the Alternative Provision Academy were a Pupil Referral Unit.

Academy the investigation of a complaint made to the governing body of the school that Mainstream Academy or any Special Academy replaced (as referred to in clause 2.4 for Mainstream Academies and clause 3.1 for Special Academies of the relevant Supplemental Agreement) has not yet been completed, the Company shall continue to investigate that complaint in accordance with the complaints procedures established by that governing body.

102C) If a complaint is made to the Company about matters arising in whole or in part during the 12 months prior to the opening of any Mainstream Academy or any Special Academy (as referred to in clause 2.4 for Mainstream Academies and clause 3.1 for Special Academies of the relevant supplemental agreement) the Company agrees to investigate that complaint as if the matter complained of had taken place after the opening of that Mainstream Academy or any Special Academy.

102D) If a complaint is made about matters arising in whole or in part during the 12 months prior to the opening of any Alternative Provision Academy, the Company agrees to investigate that complaint as if the matter complained of had taken place after the opening of that Alternative Provision Academy.

102E) With regards to a Mainstream Academy or a Special Academy, if the Secretary of State could have given an order and/or a direction under section 496 and/or section 497 of the Education Act 1996 to the governing body of the school

the Academy replaced (as referred to in clause 2.4 for Mainstream Academies and clause 3.1 for Special Academies of the relevant Supplemental Agreement) and that order and/or direction related to matters occurring within the 12 months immediately prior to conversion, the Company agrees:

- a) the Secretary of State may give orders and/or directions to the Company as though the Academy were a maintained school and sections 496 and 497 applied to the governing body of that maintained school;
- to act in accordance with any such order and/or direction from the Secretary of State.

102F) With regards to an **Alternative Provision Academy** if the Secretary of State could have given an order and/or a direction under section 496 and/or section 497 of the Education Act 1996¹⁶ to the management committee of the Pupil Referral Unit the Alternative Provision Academy replaced (as referred to in clause 3.1 of the relevant Supplemental Agreement) and that order and/or direction related to matters occurring within the 12 months immediately prior to conversion, the Company agrees:

- a) the Secretary of State may give orders and/or directions to the Company as though the Alternative Provision Academy were a Pupil Referral Unit and sections 496 and 497 applied to the management committee of that Pupil Referral Unit;
- to act in accordance with any such order and/or direction from the Secretary of State.

General

103) This Agreement shall not be assignable by the Company.

103A) No delay, neglect or forbearance on the part of the Secretary of State in enforcing (in whole or in part) any provision of this Agreement or in exercising (in whole or in part) any right or remedy conferred on him by this Agreement shall be or be deemed to be a waiver of such provision or right or remedy or a waiver of

¹⁶ Section 496/7 of the Education Act 1996 applies to Pupil Referral Units by virtue of the Education (PRU)(Application of Enactments)(England) Regulations 2007
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any other provision or right or remedy or shall in any way prejudice any right or remedy of the Secretary of State under this Agreement or shall amount to an election not to enforce such provision or exercise such right or remedy (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any right to terminate this Agreement). No single or partial exercise of such right or remedy shall preclude or restrict the further exercise of that or any other right or remedy.

104) The Secretary of State and the Company recognise the difficulties in catering in this Agreement and the Supplemental Agreements for all the circumstances which may arise in relation to the Academies and undertake in good faith to conduct such consultations as may from time to time be desirable in order to promote the interests of the Academies throughout the currency of this Agreement.

- 105) Termination of this agreement, for any reason, shall not affect the accrued rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities of the parties existing at termination.
- 106) This deed may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which when executed and delivered shall constitute a duplicate original, but all the counterparts shall together constitute the one agreement.
- 107) This Agreement and any dispute or claim arising out of or in connection with it or its subject matter or formation (including non-contractual disputes or claims) shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of England and Wales.
- 108) The parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute or claim that arises out of or in connection with this agreement or its subject matter or formation (including non-contractual disputes or claims).

This Agreement was executed as a Deed on 27 Mark 2014

Executed on behalf of the Company by:

Director

Director/Secretary

The Corporate Seal of the Secretary of State for Education, hereunto affixed is authenticated by:

ASIN'IL

Duly Authorised



THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

CHIPSTEAD VALLEY ACADEMY TRUST

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

CHIPSTEAD VALLEY ACADEMY TRUST

INTERPRETATION

- 1. In these Articles:
 - a. "the Academies" means all the schools and educational institutions referred to in Article 4a) and established by the Company (and "Academy" shall mean any one of those schools or educational institutions);
 - b. "Academy Director" means a Director appointed pursuant to Article51;
 - c. "Academy Financial Year" means the academic year from 1st of September to 31st of August of the following year;
 - d. "Advisory Body" means a committee appointed by the Directors pursuant to Articles 100-104 established either of representatives of one or more of the Academies or of advisors who will provide strategic support and capacity to advise the Directors on the functioning of the Academies which may be established as or in addition to any Local Governing Body;
 - e. "the Articles" means these Articles of Association of the Company;
 - f. "Chief Inspector" means Her Majesty's Chief Inspector of Education, Children's Services and Skills or his successor;

- g. "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means the period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day on which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
- h. "Clerk" means the clerk to the Directors or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the clerk to the Directors, including a joint, assistant or deputy clerk;
- "the Company" means save as otherwise defined at Article 6.9 the company intended to be regulated by these Articles and referred to in Article 2;
- j. "the Directors" means save as otherwise defined at Article 6.9 the directors of the Company (and "Director" means any one of those directors);
- k. "Executive Head Teacher" means such person as may be appointed by the Directors to act on their behalf and with executive powers who may be the registered head teacher of one or more of the Academies;
- "financial expert" means an individual, company or firm who is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;
- m. "Head Teachers" means the head teachers or heads of school of the Academies including any executive head teacher (and "Head Teacher" means any one of these head teachers or heads of school);
- n. "the LAs" means all the local authorities covering the areas in which the Academies are situated (and "the LA" shall mean any one of these local authorities);
- "Local Authority Associated Persons" means any person associated with any local authority within the meaning given in section 69 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989;

("the Alternative Provision Academies") or 16 to 19 Academies offering a curriculum appropriate to the needs of its students ("the 16 to 19 Academies") or schools specially organised to make special educational provision for pupils with Special Educational Needs ("the Special Academies"); and

- (b) to promote for the benefit of the inhabitants of the areas served by the Academies the provision of facilities for recreation or occupation of individuals who have need of such facilities by reason of their youth, age, infirmity or disablement, financial hardship or social and economic circumstances or for the public at large in the interests of social welfare and with the object of improving the condition of life of the said inhabitants.
- 5. In furtherance of the Object but not further or otherwise the Company may exercise the following powers:-
 - (a) to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills, cheques and other instruments, and to operate bank accounts in the name of the Company;
 - (b) to raise funds and to invite and receive contributions provided that in raising funds the Company shall not undertake any substantial permanent trading activities and shall conform to any relevant statutory regulations;
 - (c) to acquire, alter, improve and (subject to such consents as may be required by law) to charge or otherwise dispose of property;
 - (d) subject to Article 6 below to employ such staff, as are necessary for the proper pursuit of the Object and to make all reasonable and necessary provision for the payments of pensions and superannuation to staff and their dependants;

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- (e) to establish or support, whether financially or otherwise, any charitable companies, trusts, associations or institutions formed for all or any of the Object;
- (f) to co-operate with other charities, other independent and maintained schools, schools maintained by a local authority, 16-19 Academies, alternative provision Academies, institutions within the further education sector, voluntary bodies and statutory authorities operating in furtherance of the Object and to exchange information and advice with them;
- (g) to pay out of funds of the Company the costs, charges and expenses of and incidental to the formation and registration of the Company;
- (h) to establish, maintain, carry on, manage and develop the Academies at locations to be determined by the Directors and in so doing shall have regard to the respective ethos and mission statement of each Academy;
- (i) to offer scholarships, exhibitions, prizes and awards to pupils and students former pupils and former students, and otherwise to encourage and assist pupils and students and former pupils and former students;
- (j) to provide educational facilities and services to students of all ages and the wider community for the public benefit;
- (k) to carry out research into the development and application of new techniques in education and to their approach to curriculum development and delivery and to publish the results of such research, and to develop means of benefiting from application of the experience of industry, commerce, other schools, educational institutions and the voluntary sector to the education of pupils and students in academies:

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necessary) may benefit from any indemnity insurance purchased at the Company's expense to cover the liability of the Directors and members of any Local Governing Body which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default or breach of trust or breach of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Company: Provided that any such insurance shall not extend to: (i) any claim arising from any act or omission which Directors or the Local Governing Body (as appropriate) knew to be a breach of trust or breach of duty or which was committed by the Directors or members of the Local Governing Body (as appropriate) in reckless disregard to whether it was a breach of trust or breach of duty or not; and (ii) the costs of any unsuccessful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against the Directors or the Local Governing Body (as appropriate) in their capacity as directors or trustees of the Company. Further, this Article does not authorise a Director or member of a Local Governing Body (if appropriate) to benefit from any indemnity insurance that would be rendered void by any provision of the Companies Act 2006, the Charities Act 2011 or any other provision of law.

- 6.4 A company, which has shares listed on a recognised stock exchange and of which any one Director holds no more than 1% of the issued capital of that company, may receive fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth from the Company.
- 6.5 A Director may at the discretion of the Directors be reimbursed from the property of the Company for reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the Company, but excluding expenses in connection with foreign travel.

6.6 No Director may:

- (a) buy any goods or services from the Company;
- (b) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the Company;
- (c) be employed by, or receive any remuneration from the Company (other than the Executive Head Teacher or any Staff Director whose employment and/or remuneration is subject to the procedure and

conditions in Article 6.8);

- (d) receive any other financial benefit from the Company; unless:
 - the payment is permitted by Article 6.7 and the Directors follow the procedure and observe the conditions set out in Article 6.8;
 or
 - (ii) the Directors obtain the prior written approval of the Charity Commission and fully comply with any procedures it prescribes.
- 6.7 Subject to Article 6.8, a Director may:
 - a) receive a benefit from the Company in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Company.
 - b) be employed by the Company or enter into a contract for the supply of goods or services to the Company, other than for acting as a Director.
 - c) receive interest on money lent to the Company at a reasonable and proper rate not exceeding 2% per annum below the base rate of a clearing bank to be selected by the Directors, or 0.5%, whichever is the higher.
 - d) receive rent for premises let by the Director to the Company if the amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease are reasonable and proper.
- 6.8 The Company and its Directors may only rely upon the authority provided by Article 6.7 if each of the following conditions is satisfied:
 - (a) the remuneration or other sums paid to the Director do not exceed an amount that is reasonable in all the circumstances.
 - (b) the Director is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of:
 - i) his or her employment, remuneration, or any matter concerning

the contract, payment or benefit; or

- ii) his or her performance in the employment, or his or her performance of the contract (unless present solely in his or her capacity as an employee); or
- iii) any proposal to enter into any other contract or arrangement with him or her or to confer any benefit upon him or her that would be permitted under Article 6.7; or
- (iv) any other matter relating to a payment or the conferring of any benefit permitted by Article 6.7.
- (c) the Director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of Directors is present at the meeting.
- (d) save in relation to employing or contracting with the Executive Head Teacher or any Staff Director, the other Directors are satisfied that it is in the interests of the Company to employ or to contract with that Director rather than with someone who is not a Director. In reaching that decision the Directors must balance the advantage of employing a Director against the disadvantages of doing so (especially the loss of the Director's services as a result of dealing with the Director's conflict of interest).
- (e) the reason for their decision is recorded by the Directors in the minute book.
- (f) a majority of the Directors then in office have received no such payments or benefit.
- 6.8A The provision in Article 6.6 (c) that no Director may be employed by or receive any remuneration from the Company (other than a Staff Director and the Executive Head Teacher) does not apply to an employee of the Company who is subsequently elected or appointed as a Director save that this Article shall only allow such a Director to receive remuneration or benefit from the

Company in his capacity as an employee of the Company and provided that the procedure as set out in Articles 6.8(b)(i), (ii) and 6.8 (c) is followed.

6.9 In Articles 6.2-6.9:

- (a) "company" shall include any company in which the Company:
 - holds more than 50% of the shares; or
 - controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or
 - has the right to appoint one or more Directors to the Board of the Company.
- (b) "Director" shall include any child, stepchild, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother, sister or spouse of the Director or any person living with the Director as his or her partner.
- (c) the employment or remuneration of a Director includes the engagement or remuneration of any firm or company in which the Director is:
 - (i) a partner;
 - (ii) an employee;
 - (iii) a consultant;
 - (iv) a director;
 - (v) a member; or
 - (vi) a shareholder, unless the shares of the company are listed on a recognised stock exchange and the Director holds less than 1% of the issued capital.
- 7. The liability of the members of the Company is limited.
- 8. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required (not exceeding £10) to the Company's assets if it should be wound up while he or she is a member or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, for payment of the Company's debts and liabilities

before he or she ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

9. If the Company is wound up or dissolved and after all its debts and liabilities (including any under section 2 of the Academies Act 2010) have been satisfied there remains any property it shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Company (except to a member that is itself a charity), but shall be given or transferred to some other charity or charities having objects similar to the Object which prohibits the distribution of its or their income and property to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company by Article 6 above, chosen by the members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution and if that cannot be done then to some other charitable object.

10. Not used.

11. No alteration or addition shall be made to or in the provisions of the Articles which would have the effect (a) that the Company would cease to be a company to which section 60 of the Companies Act 2006 applies; or (b) that the Company would cease to be a charity.

MEMBERS1

- 12. The Members of the Company shall comprise
 - a. the signatories to the Memorandum who shall be the first Members²;
 - b. the chairman of the Directors;
 - c. the vice chairman of the Directors;
 - d. the Academy Director; and

The Department's preference is for employees of the Company not to be members

² There must be no less than 3 signatories to the Memorandum of Association. If members are to be appointed by a body or entity under (b) then that body or entity should be a signatory Member.

e. any person appointed under Article 16.

13. Each of the persons entitled to appoint Members in Article 12 shall have

the right from time to time by written notice delivered to the Office to remove

any Member appointed by them and to appoint a replacement Member to fill a

vacancy whether resulting from such removal or otherwise.

14. If any of the persons entitled to appoint Members in Article 12:

a) in the case of an individual, die or become legally incapacitated;

b) in the case of a corporate entity, cease to exist and are not replaced

by a successor institution; or

c) becomes insolvent or makes any arrangement or composition with

their creditors generally;

their right to appoint Members under these Articles shall vest in the

remaining Members.

15. Membership will terminate automatically if:

a) a Member (which is a corporate entity) ceases to exist and is not

replaced by a successor institution;

b) a Member (which is an individual) dies or becomes incapable by

reason of illness or injury of managing and administering his or her

own affairs; or

c) a Member becomes insolvent or makes any arrangement or

composition with that Member's creditors generally; or

d) a Member who was a Member by virtue of his post ceases to hold the

relevant post provided that if automatic termination in this instance

would result in the number of Members being less than three, the

Member shall remain a Member until a further Member is appointed

(which the remaining two Members shall be free to make without the

approval of the retiring Member notwithstanding the provisions of

Article 16) at which time the membership of the retiring Member shall

terminate.

15A. The Members may agree unanimously in writing to remove any

Member(s) who is a signatory to the Memorandum (save that the agreement

of a signatory to the Memorandum who is to be removed shall not be

required), provided that it is in the interests of the Company to remove such a

Member(s).

16. The Members may agree by passing a special resolution in writing to

appoint such additional Members as they think fit and may agree by passing a

special resolution in writing to remove any such additional Members provided

that such appointment or removal is in the interests of the Company.

17. Every person nominated to be a Member of the Company shall either

sign a written consent to become a Member or sign the register of Members

on becoming a Member.

18. Any Member may resign provided that after such resignation the number

of Members is not less than three. A Member shall cease to be one

immediately on the receipt by the Company of a notice in writing signed by the

person or persons entitled to remove him under Articles 13 or 16 provided that

no such notice shall take effect when the number of Members is less than

three unless it contains or is accompanied by the appointment of a

replacement Member.

GENERAL MEETINGS

19. Not used.

20. The Directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of

Members pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, shall

forthwith proceed to convene a general meeting in accordance with that Act. If

there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient Directors to call a general

meeting, any Director or any Member of the Company may call a general

meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

21. General meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice

but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a

majority in number of Members having a right to attend and vote and together

representing not less than 90% of the total voting rights at that meeting.

The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general

nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an Annual General

Meeting, shall specify the meeting as such. The notice shall also state that the

Member is entitled to appoint a proxy.

The notice shall be given to all the Members, to the Directors and auditors.

22. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt

of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not

invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

23. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is

present. A Member counts towards the quorum by being present either in

person or by proxy. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be

transacted, each being a Member or a proxy of a Member or a duly authorised

representative of a Member organisation shall constitute a quorum.

24. If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for

the meeting, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the

meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same

time and place or to such time and place as the Directors may determine.

25. The chairman, if any, of the Directors or in his absence some other

Director nominated by the Directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting,

but if neither the chairman nor such other Director (if any) be present within

fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to

act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and,

if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he shall be the

chairman.

26. If no Director is willing to act as chairman, or if no Director is present

within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the

Members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be

chairman.

27. A Director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a Member, be entitled to

attend and speak at any general meeting.

28. The chairman may, with the consent of a majority of the Members at a

meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the

meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but

no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the

business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the

adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days

or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time

and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to

be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

29. A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of

hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands,

a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act

2006, a poll may be demanded:-

(a) by the chairman; or

(b) by at least two Members having the right to vote at the meeting; or,

(c) by a Member or Members representing not less than one-tenth of

the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at

the meeting.

30. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a

resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority,

or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the

minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof

of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such

resolution.

31. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but

only with the consent of the chairman. The withdrawal of a demand for a poll

shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand

for the poll was made.

32. A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint

scrutineers (who need not be Members) and fix a time, date and place for

declaring the results. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the

resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

33. A poll demanded on the election of the chairman or on a question of

adjournment shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other

question shall be taken either immediately or at such time, date and place as

the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is

demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent continuance of a meeting

for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll is

demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a

show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue

as if the demand had not been made.

34. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately if the time and

place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is

demanded. In other cases at least seven clear days' notice shall be given

specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

35. A resolution in writing agreed by such number of members as required if

it had been proposed at a general meeting shall be as effectual as if it had

been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held provided that a

copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to every Member. The

resolution may consist of several instruments in the like form each agreed by

one or more Members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

36. On the show of hands every Member present in person shall have one

vote. On a poll every Member present in person or by proxy shall have one

vote.

37. Not used.

38. No Member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all

moneys then payable by him to the Company have been paid.

39. No objections shall be raised to the qualification of any person to vote at

any general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the

vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting

shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the

chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

40. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, signed by or on

behalf of the appointer and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near

thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which

the Directors may approve) -

"I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above

named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence,

...... of as my/our proxy to attend, speak and vote in my/our

name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/

general meeting of the Company to be held on20[], and at any

adjournment thereof.

Signed on 20[]"

41. Where it is desired to afford Members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve) -

"I/We,, of, being a Member/Members of the above named Company, hereby appoint of, or in his absence, of, as my/our proxy to attend, speak and vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Company, to be held on 20[], and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No. 1 *for * against

Resolution No. 2 *for * against.

Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed on 20[]"

- 42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Directors may -
 - (a) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or

(b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded,

be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not

less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll;

(c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48

hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the

poll was demanded to the chairman or to the Clerk or to any Director;

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a

manner so permitted shall be invalid.

43. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised

representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous

determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless

notice of the determination was received by the Company at the office or at

such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before

the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote

given or the poll demanded or (or in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on

the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for

taking the poll.

44. Any organisation which is a Member of the Company may by resolution

of its board of directors or other governing body authorise such person as it

thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, and the

person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf

of the organisation which he represents as that organisation could exercise if

it were an individual Member of the Company.

DIRECTORS

45. The number of Directors shall be not less than three but (unless otherwise

determined by ordinary resolution) shall not be subject to any maximum.

46. Subject to Articles 48-49, the Company shall have the following Directors:

a. any Directors, appointed under Article 50;

b. any Staff Directors, appointed under Articles 50A;

c. the Executive Head Teacher;

d. Academy Directors appointed under Article 51;

e. Parent Directors, if appointed under Articles 53-56D.

47. The Company may also have any Co-opted Director appointed under

Article 58.

The first Directors shall be those persons named in the statement

delivered pursuant to sections 9 and 12 of the Companies Act 2006.

49. Future Directors shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be,

under these Articles. Where it is not possible for such a Director to be

appointed or elected due to the fact that an Academy has not yet been

established, then the relevant Article or part thereof shall not apply.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

50. The Directors may appoint such number of Directors as they see fit.

50A. The Directors may appoint Staff Directors and/or Head Teachers to be

Directors through such process as they may determine.

50B. The total number of Directors including the Executive Head Teacher who

are employees of the Company shall not exceed one third of the total number

of Directors.

ACADEMY DIRECTORS

51. There shall be a minimum of 1 Academy Director but otherwise such

number as the Directors shall decide. Only the chair of a Local Governing

Body shall be eligible to be an Academy Director and only for as long as he or

she remains in office as such. For the avoidance of doubt, the Executive Head

Teacher cannot be a chair of a Local Governing Body and is therefore not

eligible to be an Academy Director. The chairs of the Local Governing Bodies

shall elect the relevant number of persons from amongst their numbers to be

the Academy Directors. The Directors shall make all necessary arrangements

for, and determine all other matters relating to, the election of the Academy

Directors in accordance with this Article including any requirement that at

least one of the Academy Directors (where more than one is to be elected) is

the Chair of the Local Governing Body of the lead school. Any election of the

Academy Directors which is contested shall be held by secret ballot.

52. Not used.

PARENT DIRECTORS

53. There shall be a minimum of two Parent Directors unless there are Local

Governing Bodies which include at least two Parent Members.

54. Except for 16 – 19 Academies, Parent Directors and Parent members of

the Local Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies shall be elected or appointed

(in accordance with the terms of reference determined by the Directors from

time to time). The elected or appointed Parent Directors or Parent members of

the Local Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies must be a parent of a

registered pupil at one or more of the Academies (but not one of the 16 – 19

Academies) at the time when he is elected or appointed.

54A. The number of Parent Directors and Parent members of the Local

Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies required shall be made up by Parent

Directors and Parent members appointed by the Directors if the number of

parents standing for election is less than the number of vacancies.

55. The Directors shall make all necessary arrangements for, and determine

all other matters relating to, an election of the Parent Directors or Parent

members of Local Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies, including any

question of whether a person is a parent of a registered pupil at one of the

Academies (but not one of the 16 - 19 Academies). Any election of the

Parent Directors or Parent members of Local Governing Bodies or Advisory

Bodies which is contested shall be held by secret ballot.

In appointing a Parent Director or Parent member of a Local Governing

Body or Advisory Body the Directors shall appoint a person who is the parent

of a registered pupil at an Academy (but not one of the 16-19 Academies); or

where it is not reasonably practical to do so, a person who is the parent of a

child of compulsory school age.

56A. In the case of 16-19 Academies, Parent Directors and Parent members

of the Local Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies shall either be elected by

parents of registered students at the 16 to 19 Academies, pursuant to Articles

56B to 56C, or be appointed by the Directors, pursuant to Article 56D. The

elected or appointed Parent Directors or Parent members of the Local

Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies must be a parent of a student at one of

the 16 to 19 Academies at the time when he is either elected or appointed.

56B. The number of Parent Directors and Parent members of the Local

Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies required shall be made up by Parent

Directors and Parent members appointed by the Directors if the number of

parents standing for election is less than the number of vacancies.

56C. The Directors shall make all necessary arrangements for, and

determine all other matters relating to, an election of the Parent Directors or

Parent members of Local Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies, including any

question of whether a person is a parent of a registered student at one of the

16-19 Academies. Any election of the Parent Directors or Parent members of

Local Governing Bodies or Advisory Bodies which is contested shall be held

by secret ballot.

56D. In appointing a Parent Director or Parent member of a Local Governing

Body or Advisory Body, the Directors shall appoint a person who is the parent

of a registered student at one of the 16 to 19 Academies; or where it is not

reasonably practical to do so, a person who is the parent of a child above

compulsory school age but not above the age of 19.

EXECUTIVE HEAD TEACHER

57. The Executive Head Teacher shall be a Director for as long as he or she

remains in office as such.

CO-OPTED DIRECTORS

58. The Directors may appoint Co-opted Directors. A 'Co-opted Director'

means a person who is appointed to be a Director by being Co-opted by

Directors who have not themselves been so appointed. The Directors may

not co-opt an employee of the Company as a Co-opted Director if thereby the

number of Directors who are employees of the Company would exceed one

third of the total number of Directors including the Executive Head Teacher.

59 - 63. Not used.

TERM OF OFFICE

64. The term of office for any Director shall be four years save that this time

limit shall not apply to the Executive Head Teacher and any Staff Director

serving in an executive capacity, who shall serve ex officio and for as long as

he or she remains in office as such. Subject to remaining eligible to be a

particular type of Director, any Director may be re-appointed or re-elected.

RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL

65. A Director shall cease to hold office if he resigns his office by notice to

the Company (but only if at least three Directors will remain in office when the

notice of resignation is to take effect).

66. A Director shall cease to hold office if he is removed by the person or

persons who appointed him. This Article does not apply in respect of a Parent

Director.

67. Where a Director resigns his office or is removed from office, the

Director or, where he is removed from office, those removing him, shall give

written notice thereof to the Clerk.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

68. No person shall be qualified to be a Director unless he is aged 18 or

over at the date of his election or appointment. No current pupil or current

student of any of the Academies shall be a Director.

69. A Director shall cease to hold office if he becomes incapable by reason

of illness or injury of managing or administering his own affairs.

70. A Director shall cease to hold office if he is absent without the

permission of the Directors from all their meetings held within a period of six

months and the Directors resolve that his office be vacated.

A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as

a Director if -

(a) his estate has been seguestrated and the seguestration has not

been discharged, annulled or reduced; or

he is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim

order.

A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as

a Director at any time when he is subject to a disqualification order or a

disqualification undertaking under the Company Directors Disqualification Act

1986 or to an order made under section 429(2)(b) of the Insolvency Act 1986

(failure to pay under county court administration order).

73. A Director shall cease to hold office if he ceases to be a Director by

virtue of any provision in the Companies Act 2006 or is disqualified from

acting as a trustee by virtue of section 178 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any

statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision).

74. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as

a Director if he has been removed from the office of charity trustee or trustee

for a charity by an order made by the Charity Commission or the High Court

on the grounds of any misconduct or mismanagement in the administration of

the charity for which he was responsible or to which he was privy, or which he

by his conduct contributed to or facilitated.

75. Not used.

76. Not used.

77. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as

a Director where he has, at any time, been convicted of any criminal offence,

excluding any that have been spent under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act

1974 as amended, and excluding any offence for which the maximum

sentence is a fine or a lesser sentence except where a person has been

convicted of any offence which falls under section 178 of the Charities Act

2011.

78. After the first Academy has opened, a person shall be disqualified from

holding or continuing to hold office as a Director if he has not provided to the

chairman of the Directors a criminal records certificate at an enhanced

disclosure level under section 113B of the Police Act 1997. In the event that

the certificate discloses any information which would in the opinion of either

the chairman or the Executive Head Teacher confirm their unsuitability to

work with children that person shall be disqualified. If a dispute arises as to

whether a person shall be disqualified, a referral shall be made to the

Secretary of State to determine the matter. The determination of the Secretary

of State shall be final.

79. Where, by virtue of these Articles a person becomes disqualified from

holding, or continuing to hold office as a Director; and he is, or is proposed, to

become such a Director, he shall upon becoming so disqualified give written

notice of that fact to the Clerk.

80. Articles 68 to 74, Articles 77 to 79 and Articles 97 to 98 also apply to any

member of any committee of the Directors, including a Local Governing Body,

who is not a Director.

CLERK TO THE DIRECTORS

81. The Clerk shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such

remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Clerk

so appointed may be removed by them. The Clerk shall not be a Director, or a

Head Teacher. Notwithstanding this Article, the Directors may, where the

Clerk fails to attend a meeting of theirs, appoint any one of their number or

any other person to act as Clerk for the purposes of that meeting.

CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN OF THE DIRECTORS

82. The Directors shall each school year elect a chairman and a vice-

chairman from among their number. A Director who is employed by the

Company shall not be eligible for election as chairman or vice-chairman.

Subject to Article 84, the chairman or vice-chairman shall hold office as 83.

such until his successor has been elected in accordance with Article 85.

84. The chairman or vice-chairman may at any time resign his office by giving

notice in writing to the Clerk. The chairman or vice-chairman shall cease to

hold office if -

(a) he ceases to be a Director;

(b) he is employed by the Company;

(c) he is removed from office in accordance with these Articles; or

in the case of the vice-chairman, he is elected in accordance with (d)

these Articles to fill a vacancy in the office of chairman.

85. Where by reason of any of the matters referred to in Article 84, a

vacancy arises in the office of chairman or vice-chairman, the Directors shall

at their next meeting elect one of their number to fill that vacancy.

86. Where the chairman is absent from any meeting or there is at the time a

vacancy in the office of the chairman, the vice-chairman shall act as the chair

for the purposes of the meeting.

87-89. Not used.

90. The Directors may remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office in

accordance with these Articles.

91. A resolution to remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office which

is passed at a meeting of the Directors shall not have effect unless -

i) it is confirmed by a resolution passed at a second meeting of the

Directors held not less than fourteen days after the first meeting;

and

ii) the matter of the chairman's or vice-chairman's removal from office

is specified as an item of business on the agenda for each of those

meetings.

92. Before the Directors resolve at the relevant meeting on whether to

confirm the resolution to remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office,

the Director or Directors proposing his removal shall at that meeting state their

reasons for doing so and the chairman or vice-chairman shall be given an

opportunity to make a statement in response.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

93. Subject to provisions of the Companies Act 2006, the Articles and to any

directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be

managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company.

No alteration of the Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act

of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been

made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this Article

shall not be limited by any special power given to the Directors by the Articles

and a meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all the

powers exercisable by the Directors.

94. In addition to all powers hereby expressly conferred upon them and

without detracting from the generality of their powers under the Articles the

Directors shall have the following powers, namely:

(a) to expend the funds of the Company in such manner as they shall

consider most beneficial for the achievement of the Object and to invest

in the name of the Company such part of the funds as they may see fit

and to direct the sale or transposition of any such investments and to

expend the proceeds of any such sale in furtherance of the Object;

(b) to enter into contracts on behalf of the Company.

95. In the exercise of their powers and functions, the Directors may consider

any advice given by any Advisory Body, the Executive Head Teacher and any

other executive officer.

96. Any bank account in which any money of the Company is deposited shall

be operated by the Directors in the name of the Company. All cheques BACS

and orders for the payment of money from such an account shall be signed or

authorised by at least two signatories authorised by the Directors.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

97. Any Director who has or can have any direct or indirect duty or personal

interest (including but not limited to any Personal Financial Interest) which

conflicts or may conflict with his duties as a Director shall disclose that fact to

the Directors as soon as he becomes aware of it. A Director must absent

himself from any discussions of the Directors in which it is possible that a

conflict will arise between his duty to act solely in the interests of the

Company and any duty or personal interest (including but not limited to any

Personal Financial Interest).

98. For the purpose of Article 97, a Director has a Personal Financial Interest

in the employment or remuneration of, or the provision of any other benefit to,

that Director as permitted by and as defined by Articles 6.5-6.9.

THE MINUTES

99. The minutes of the proceedings of a meeting of the Directors shall be drawn up and entered into a book kept for the purpose by the person acting as Clerk for the purposes of the meeting; and shall be signed (subject to the approval of the Directors) at the same or next subsequent meeting by the person acting as chairman thereof.

COMMITTEES

100. Subject to these Articles, the Directors:

- a) may appoint separate committees to be known as Local
 Governing Bodies for each Academy and the Directors shall be
 free to appoint one committee for several Academies if they so
 wish; and
- b) may establish any other committee.

101. Subject to these Articles, the constitution, membership and proceedings of any committee shall be determined by the Directors. The establishment, terms of reference, constitution and membership of any committee of the Directors shall be reviewed at least once in every twelve months. The membership of any committee of the Directors may include persons who are not Directors, provided that (with the exception of the Local Governing Bodies) a majority of members of any such committee shall be Directors. Except in the case of a Local Governing Body, no vote on any matter shall be taken at a meeting of a committee of the Directors unless the majority of members of the committee present are Directors.

102. The power of delegation exercised under Article 105 in relation to the establishment of a Local Governing Body for an Academy shall be by way of Scheme of Delegation.

103. All members of any Local Governing Body shall upon their appointment

or election give a written undertaking to the Directors to uphold the Object of

the Company and shall recognise their authority to act on behalf of the

Company only in accordance with the Scheme of Delegation

104. The functions and proceedings of any Local Governing Bodies shall be

subject to regulations made by the Directors from time to time.

DELEGATION

105. The Directors may delegate to any Director, committee (including any

Local Governing Body or Advisory Body), the Executive Head Teacher or any

other holder of an executive office, such of their powers or functions as they

consider desirable to be exercised by them. Any such delegation shall be

made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose, and may be

revoked or altered.

106. Where any power or function of the Directors has been exercised by any

committee (including any Local Governing Body or Advisory Body), any

Director, the Executive Head Teacher or any other holder of an executive

office, that person or committee shall report to the Directors in respect of any

action taken or decision made with respect to the exercise of that power or

function at the meeting of the Directors immediately following the taking of the

action or the making of the decision.

EXECUTIVE HEAD TEACHER AND HEAD TEACHERS

107. The Directors shall appoint the Executive Head Teacher and the Head

Teachers of the Academies. The Directors may delegate such powers and

functions as they consider are required by the Executive Head Teacher and

the Head Teachers for the internal organisation, management and control of

the Academies (including the implementation of all policies approved by the

Directors and for the direction of the teaching and curriculum at the

Academies).

MEETINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

108. Subject to these Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings

as they think fit.

109. The Directors shall hold at least three meetings in every school year.

Meetings of the Directors shall be convened by the Clerk. In exercising his

functions under this Article the Clerk shall comply with any direction -

a. given by the Directors; or

b. given by the chairman of the Directors or, in his absence or where

there is a vacancy in the office of chairman, the vice-chairman of

the Directors, so far as such direction is not inconsistent with any

direction given as mentioned in (a).

110. Any three Directors may, by notice in writing given to the Clerk,

requisition a meeting of the Directors; and it shall be the duty of the Clerk to

convene such a meeting as soon as is reasonably practicable.

111. Each Director shall be given at least seven clear days before the date of

a meeting -

i) notice in writing thereof, signed by the Clerk, and sent to each

Director at the address provided by each Director from time to time;

and

ii) a copy of the agenda for the meeting;

provided that where the chairman or, in his absence or where there is a

vacancy in the office of chairman, the vice-chairman, so determines on

the ground that there are matters demanding urgent consideration, it

shall be sufficient if the written notice of a meeting, and the copy of the

agenda thereof are given within such shorter period as he directs.

112. The convening of a meeting and the proceedings conducted thereat

shall not be invalidated by reason of any individual not having received written

notice of the meeting or a copy of the agenda thereof.

113. A resolution to rescind or vary a resolution carried at a previous meeting

of the Directors shall not be proposed at a meeting of the Directors unless the

consideration of the rescission or variation of the previous resolution is a

specific item of business on the agenda for that meeting.

114. A meeting of the Directors shall be terminated forthwith if -

(a) the Directors so resolve; or

(b) the number of Directors present ceases to constitute a quorum for a

meeting of the Directors in accordance with Article 117, subject to

Article 119.

115. Where in accordance with Article 114 a meeting is not held or is

terminated before all the matters specified as items of business on the

agenda for the meeting have been disposed of, a further meeting shall be

convened by the Clerk as soon as is reasonably practicable, but in any event

within seven days of the date on which the meeting was originally to be held

or was so terminated.

116. Where the Directors resolve in accordance with Article 114 to adjourn a

meeting before all the items of business on the agenda have been disposed

of, the Directors shall before doing so determine the time and date at which a

further meeting is to be held for the purposes of completing the consideration

of those items, and they shall direct the Clerk to convene a meeting

accordingly.

117. Subject to Article 119 the quorum for a meeting of the Directors, and

any vote on any matter thereat, shall be any three Directors, or, where

greater, any one third (rounded up to a whole number) of the total number of

Directors holding office at the date of the meeting.

118. The Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number,

but, if the numbers of Directors is less than the number fixed as the guorum,

the continuing Directors may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of

calling a general meeting.

119. The quorum for the purposes of -

(a) appointing a Parent Director under Articles 56;

(b) any vote on the removal of a Director in accordance with Article 66;

(c) any vote on the removal of the chairman of the Directors in

accordance with Article 90;

shall be any two-thirds (rounded up to a whole number) of the persons who

are at the time Directors entitled to vote on those respective matters.

120. Subject to these Articles, every question to be decided at a meeting of

the Directors shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the Directors

present and voting on the question. Every Director shall have one vote.

121. Subject to Articles 117-119, where there is an equal division of votes,

the chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote in addition to any other

vote he may have.

122. The proceedings of the Directors shall not be invalidated by

a. any vacancy among their number; or

b. any defect in the election, appointment or nomination of any

Director.

123. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors entitled to receive

notice of a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors, shall be valid

and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of Directors or (as the case

may be) a committee of Directors duly convened and held. Such a resolution

may consist of several documents in the same form, each signed by one or

more of the Directors.

124. Subject to Article 125, the Directors shall ensure that a copy of

the agenda for every meeting of the Directors; a.

b. the draft minutes of every such meeting, if they have been

approved by the person acting as chairman of that meeting;

the signed minutes of every such meeting; and C.

any report, document or other paper considered at any such d.

meeting,

are, as soon as is reasonably practicable, made available at every

Academy to persons wishing to inspect them.

125. There may be excluded from any item required to be made available in

pursuance of Article 124, any material relating to -

a named teacher or other person employed, or proposed to be a.

employed, at any Academy;

a named pupil or named student at, or candidate for admission b.

to, any Academy; and

any matter which, by reason of its nature, the Directors are C.

satisfied should remain confidential.

126. Any Director shall be able to participate in meetings of the Directors by

telephone or video conference provided that:

he has given notice of his intention to do so detailing the a.

telephone number on which he can be reached and/or appropriate

details of the video conference suite from which he shall be taking part at

the time of the meeting at least 48 hours before the meeting; and,

b. the Directors have access to the appropriate equipment if after

all reasonable efforts it does not prove possible for the person to

participate by telephone or video conference the meeting may still

proceed with its business provided it is otherwise quorate.

PATRONS AND HONORARY OFFICERS

127. The Directors may from time to time appoint any person whether or not

a Member of the Company to be a patron of the Company or to hold any

honorary office and may determine for what period he is to hold such office.

THE SEAL

128. The seal, if any, shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or

of a committee of Directors authorised by the Directors. The Directors may

determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and

unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a Director and by the

Clerk or by a second Director.

ACCOUNTS

129. Accounts shall be prepared in accordance with the relevant Statement of

Recommended Practice as if the Company was a non-exempt charity and

Parts 15 and 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and shall file these with the

Secretary of State and the Principal Regulator by 31 December each

Academy Financial Year.

ANNUAL REPORT

130. The Directors shall prepare its Annual Report in accordance with the

Statement of Recommended Practice as if the Company was a non-exempt

charity and shall file these with the Secretary of State and the Principal

Regulator by 31 December each Academy Financial Year.

ANNUAL RETURN

131. The Directors shall comply with their obligations under Part 24 of the

Companies Act 2006 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that

Act) with regard to the preparation of an annual return to the Registrar of

Companies and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice

as if the Company was a non-exempt charity and to the Secretary of State

and the Principal Regulator by 31 December each Academy Financial Year.

NOTICES

Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles

(other than a notice calling a meeting of the directors) shall be in writing or

shall be given using electronic communications to an address for the time

being notified for that purpose to the person giving the notice. In these

Articles, "Address" in relation to electronic communications, includes a

number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

133. A notice may be given by the Company to a Member either personally or

by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the Member at his

registered address or by leaving it at that address or by giving it using

electronic communications to an address for the time being notified to the

Company by the Member. A Member whose registered address is not within

the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the

United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him, or an address to which

notices may be sent using electronic communications, shall be entitled to

have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such Member

shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.

134. A Member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the

Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where

necessary, of the purposes for which it was called.

Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed,

prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given.

Proof that a notice contained in an electronic communication was sent in

accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries

and Administrators shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A

notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the

envelope containing it was posted or, in the case of a notice contained in an

electronic communication, at the expiration of 48 hours after the time it was

sent.

INDEMNITY

136. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 and Article 6.3

every Director or other officer or auditor of the Company and every member of

any Local Governing Body and/or Advisory Body (in so far as necessary) shall

be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred

by him in that capacity in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal,

in which judgment is given in favour or in which he is acquitted or in

connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court

from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in

relation to the affairs of the Company.

RULES

137. The Directors may from time to time make such rules or bye laws as

they may deem necessary or expedient or convenient for the proper conduct

and management of the Company and for purposes of prescribing classes of

and conditions of membership, and in particular but without prejudice to the

generality of the foregoing, they may by such rules or bye laws regulate:

a. the admission and classification of Members of the Company

(including the admission of organisations to membership) and the rights

and privileges of such Members, and the conditions of membership and

the terms on which Members may resign or have their membership

terminated and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or

payments to be made by Members;

b. the conduct of Members of the Company in relation to one another,

and to the Company's servants;

c. the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Company's

premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or

purposes;

d. the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Directors

and committees of the Directors and meetings of the Local Governing

Bodies in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Articles; and,

generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of e.

Company rules.

138. The Company in general meeting shall have power to alter, add or to

repeal the rules or bye laws and the Directors shall adopt such means as they

think sufficient to bring to the notice of Members of the Company all such

rules or bye laws, which shall be binding on all Members of the Company.

Provided that no rule or bye law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or

repeal anything contained in the Articles.

AVOIDING INFLUENCED COMPANY STATUS

139. Notwithstanding the number of Members from time to time, the

maximum aggregate number of votes exercisable by Local Authority

Associated Persons shall never exceed 19.9% of the total number of votes

exercisable by Members in general meeting and the votes of the other

Members having a right to vote at the meeting will be increased on a pro-rata

basis.

140. No person who is a Local Authority Associated Person may be

appointed as a Director if, once the appointment had taken effect, the number

of Directors who are Local Authority Associated Persons would represent

20% or more of the total number of Directors. Upon any resolution put to the

Directors, the maximum aggregate number of votes exercisable by any

Directors who are Local Authority Associated Persons shall represent a

maximum of 19.9% of the total number of votes cast by the Directors on such

a resolution and the votes of the other Directors having a right to vote at the

meeting will be increased on a pro-rata basis.

141. No person who is a Local Authority Associated Person is eligible to be

appointed to the office of Director unless his appointment to such office is

authorised by the local authority to which he is associated.

142. If at the time of either his becoming a Member of the Company or his

first appointment to office as a Director any Member or Director was not a

Local Authority Associated Person but later becomes so during his

membership or tenure as a Director he shall be deemed to have immediately

resigned his membership and/or resigned from his office as a Director as the

case may be.

143. If at any time the number of Directors or Members who are also Local

Authority Associated Persons would (but for Articles 139 to 142 inclusive)

represent 20% or more of the total number of Directors or Members (as the

case may be) then a sufficient number of the Directors or Members (as the

case may be) who are Local Authority Associated Persons shall be deemed to

have resigned as Directors or Members (as the case may be) immediately

before the occurrence of such an event to ensure that at all times the number

of such Directors or Members (as the case may be) is never equal to or

greater than 20% of the total number of Directors or Members (as the case

may be). Directors or Members (as the case may be) who are Local Authority

Associated Persons shall be deemed to have resigned in order of their

appointment date the most recently appointed resigning first.

144. The Members will each notify the Company and each other if at any time

they believe that the Company or any of its subsidiaries has become subject

to the influence of a local authority (as described in section 69 of the Local

Government and Housing Act) 1989.

Annex B

<u>Arrangements for pupils with Special Educational Needs</u> ('SEN') and disabilities at Mainstream Academies

Duties in relation to pupils with SEN1

- 1. The Directors of the Company must, in respect of each **Mainstream Academy**, comply with all of the duties imposed upon the governing bodies of maintained schools in:
 - Part 4 of the Education Act 1996 as amended from time to time²;
 - The Education (Special Educational Needs) (Information) Regulations 1999 as amended from time to time;
 - The Education (Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 as amended from time to time³.
- 2. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement, the Secretary of State may (whether following a complaint made to him or otherwise) direct the Company to comply with an obligation described in this Annex where the Company has failed to comply with any such obligation.
- 3. Where a child who has SEN is being educated in a **Mainstream Academy**, those concerned with making special educational provision for the child must secure that the child engages in the activities of the school together with children who do not have SEN, so far as is reasonably practicable and is compatible with:
 - (a) the child receiving the special educational provision which his learning difficulty calls for,
 - (b) the provision of efficient education for the children with whom he will be educated, and
 - (c) the efficient use of resources.
- 4. In addition to complying with the duties imposed upon the governing bodies of maintained schools set out in The Education (Special Educational Needs) (Information) Regulations 1999 (as amended from time to time) the Company must ensure that the website for each Academy includes details of the implementation of its policy for pupils with special educational needs; the arrangements for the admission of disabled pupils; the steps taken to prevent disabled pupils from being

¹ Duties in relation to pupils with SEN at Special Academies are at clause 12A of the Master Funding Agreement.

³ These Regulations are amended by The Education (Special Educational Needs Coordinators) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1387).

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² Currently these duties are in sections 313 (Duty to have regard to the Special Educational Needs Code of Practice 2001); 317 (Duties in relation to pupils with special educational needs), 317A (Duty to advise parents that special educational provision is being made); and 324(5)(b) (Duty to admit the child where a school is named in the statement).

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treated less favourably than other pupils; and the facilities provided to assist access to the Academy by disabled pupils (disabled pupils meaning pupils who are disabled for the purposes of the Equality Act

 2010^{1}).

Admissions²

- 5. The Company must ensure that for each **Mainstream Academy** pupils with SEN are admitted on an equal basis with others in accordance with the Academy's admissions policy.
- 6. Where a local authority ("LA") proposes to name a **Mainstream Academy** in a statement of SEN made in accordance with section 324 of the Education Act 1996, it must give the Company written notice that it so proposes. Within 15 days of receipt of the LA's notice that it proposes to name the Academy in a statement, the Company must consent to being named, except where admitting the child would be incompatible with the provision of efficient education for other children; and where no reasonable steps may be made to secure compatibility. In deciding whether a child's inclusion would be incompatible with the efficient education of other children, the Company must have regard to the relevant guidance issued by the Secretary of State to maintained schools.
- 7. If the Company determines that admitting the child would be incompatible with the provision of efficient education, it must, within 15 days of receipt of the LA's notice, notify the LA in writing that it does not agree that the Academy should be named in the pupil's statement. Such notice must set out all the facts and matters the Company relies upon in support of its contention that: (a) admitting the child would be incompatible with efficiently educating other children; and (b) the Company cannot take reasonable steps to secure this compatibility.
- 8. After service by the Company on the LA of any notice (further to paragraph 7 above) stating that it does not agree with the LA's proposal that the Academy be named, the Company must seek to establish from the LA, as soon as is reasonably practicable, whether or not the LA agrees with the Company. If the LA notifies the Company that it does not agree with the Company's response, and names the Academy in the child's statement, then the Company must admit the child to the school on the date specified in the statement or on the date specified by the LA.
- 9. Where the Company consider that the Academy should not have been named in a child's statement, they may ask the Secretary of State to determine that the LA has acted unreasonably in naming the Academy and to make an order directing the LA to reconsider.

¹ For the meaning of 'disabled', see section 6 of the Equality Act 2010.

² SEN Admissions requirements for special academies are set out in the Special Academy Supplemental Funding Agreement Annex 1.

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- 10. The Secretary of State's determination shall, subject only to any right of appeal which any parent or guardian of the child may have to the First-tier Tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability), be final.
- 11. If a parent or guardian of a child in respect of whom a statement is maintained by the local authority appeals to the First-tier Tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability) either against the naming of an Academy in the child's SEN statement or asking the Tribunal to name an Academy, then the decision of the Tribunal on any such appeal shall be binding and shall, if different from that of the Secretary of State under paragraph 9 above, be substituted for the Secretary of State's decision.
- 12. Where the Company, the Secretary of State or the First-tier Tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability) have determined that it should be named, the Company shall admit the child to the Academy notwithstanding any provision of Annex 1 of the Supplemental Agreement of that Academy.